

**I'm not robot!**



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Subject: Science Wk3

Topic: Animal Adaptations

Mimicry is when insects can copy the look of a dangerous animal. They do this by imitating its coloring, sound and even movement.

Camouflage is a visual disguise that helps animals blend into their surroundings. A Camouflaged insect has coloring that matches its background. Both camouflage and mimicry help insects avoid being eaten, find food and survive.



Hibernation      blend      habitat

Mimicry      Camouflage      Adaptation

1. An \_\_\_\_\_ is a characteristic of an animal that helps it survive in an environment.

2. \_\_\_\_\_ is when one living thing copies the look, sound and movement of another living thing.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ a period of deep sleep that allow animals to survive cold weather.

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is when an animal uses its body color to blend in with the environment.

5. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a place where plants and animals live and grow.

6. Choose **two reasons** why animals use mimicry or camouflage to adapt.

- A. To protect themselves from predators
- B. To have fun
- C. To catch their prey (food).

7. Circle your answer to tell whether the pictures below show **mimicry** or **camouflage**.



The owl blending in the trees.

**mimicry** or **camouflage**



A caterpillar's spots look like snake eyes.

**mimicry** or **camouflage**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Adapting

Directions: Read about animal adaptation. For each animal, think about where it lives and how it has adapted to its environment.

Adaptations are any behavioral or physical characteristics of an animal that help it to survive in its environment.

A behavioral adaptation is something an animal does in response to its environment.

A physical adaptation is some kind of structural change to a part of the body or body covering.

These changes occur slowly over long periods of time. Adaptations allow the animal to continue to live in its environment.

<u>Lizard</u>

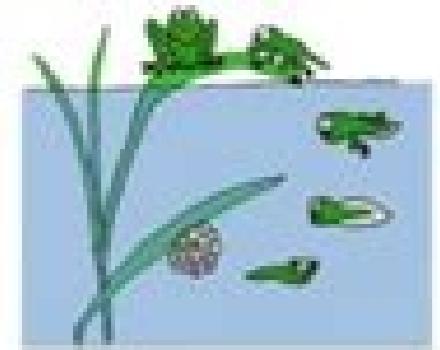
<u>Mole</u>

<u>Camel</u>

<u>Penguin</u>

Practice Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

In the boxes tell one adaptation of the animal, and the TYPE of adaptation.



Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_

Animal adaptations

### Think Pink!

Some river dolphins aren't gray at all; they're pink!



What do you picture when you think of a dolphin? Do you see a shiny gray mammal darting in and out of waves? If you do, you're probably thinking of a marine dolphin. Most marine dolphins are sleek, gray creatures that frolic in the ocean. There is another group of dolphins to add to the picture. These dolphins, river dolphins, don't live in oceans. Most of them live in fresh water instead.

River dolphins can be found in Asia and in South America. They live in warm rivers and lakes. Shallow murky waters mean river dolphins don't dart around like their marine cousins. They move slower.

The Amazon River dolphin, or boto, has adapted well to its dark and muddy home. A boto's flippers are big and wide. They act almost like paddles, helping the dolphin make its way through shallow waters.

With a snout four times as long as a marine dolphin's, the boto is an efficient hunter. Stiff hairs at the end of the boto's snout help it feel around for food in the mud. The boto's front cone-shaped teeth help it grab its prey. Its back teeth are flat like our molars. With its back teeth, the boto cracks open shells and chews its prey: crabs, river turtles, armored catfish, piranhas, and other small fish.

Shade the circle next to the best answer for questions 1–5. Then answer questions 6–8 on another sheet of paper.

1. According to the selection, why don't river dolphins move as quickly as marine dolphins?  
 A Their flippers are so big that they slow them down.  
 B It's hard to see in the dark, muddy rivers.
  2. What is the author's purpose for writing this selection?  
 A to inform  
 B to persuade
  3. What does murky mean in paragraph 2?  
 A sleek and gray  
 B dark and muddy  
 C big and wide
4. Which part of a river dolphin is four times longer than that of a marine dolphin?  
 A its flippers  
 B its teeth  
 C its snout
  5. Which word best shows what frolic means in the first paragraph?  
 A play     B merry
  6. Which part of the dolphin is the snout? How do you know?
  7. Why do you think the author compares the boto's back teeth to our molars?  
 A Underline the main idea in each paragraph.  
 B Then write a paragraph in your own words that summarizes the selection.

Bonus: Circle three facts in the selection. Then use your own words to paraphrase each one.

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# ANIMAL ADAPTATIONS

C	A	M	O	U	F	L	A	G	E	K	K	I	G	V	H	Q
E	O	B	A	D	A	P	T	A	T	I	O	N	H	E	C	P
H	N	N	E	T	H	C	C	A	R	N	I	V	O	R	E	E
A	A	V	S	H	E	R	B	I	V	O	R	E	O	S	C	C
B	P	B	I	E	A	V	E	R	T	E	B	R	A	T	O	
V	R	Z	I	R	R	V	E	E	I	H	C	T	Z	K	S	S
W	E	N	L	T	O	V	I	A	S	N	U	E	V	I	W	Y
Q	Y	R	E	D	A	N	A	O	T	W	L	B	E	R	J	S
E	X	T	I	N	C	T	M	T	R	O	I	R	E	R	D	T
L	I	P	J	C	X	V	U	E	I	T	D	A	H	X	P	E
G	B	H	I	F	E	B	Z	Z	N	O	T	T	H	H	M	M
A	R	O	M	N	I	V	O	R	E	T	N	E	P	Q	J	G

**Adaptation****Ecosystem****Habitat****Predator****Behavior****Environment****Herbivore****Prey****Camouflage****Endangered Species****Carnivore****Invertebrate****Conservation****Extinct****Omnivore****Vertebrate**

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