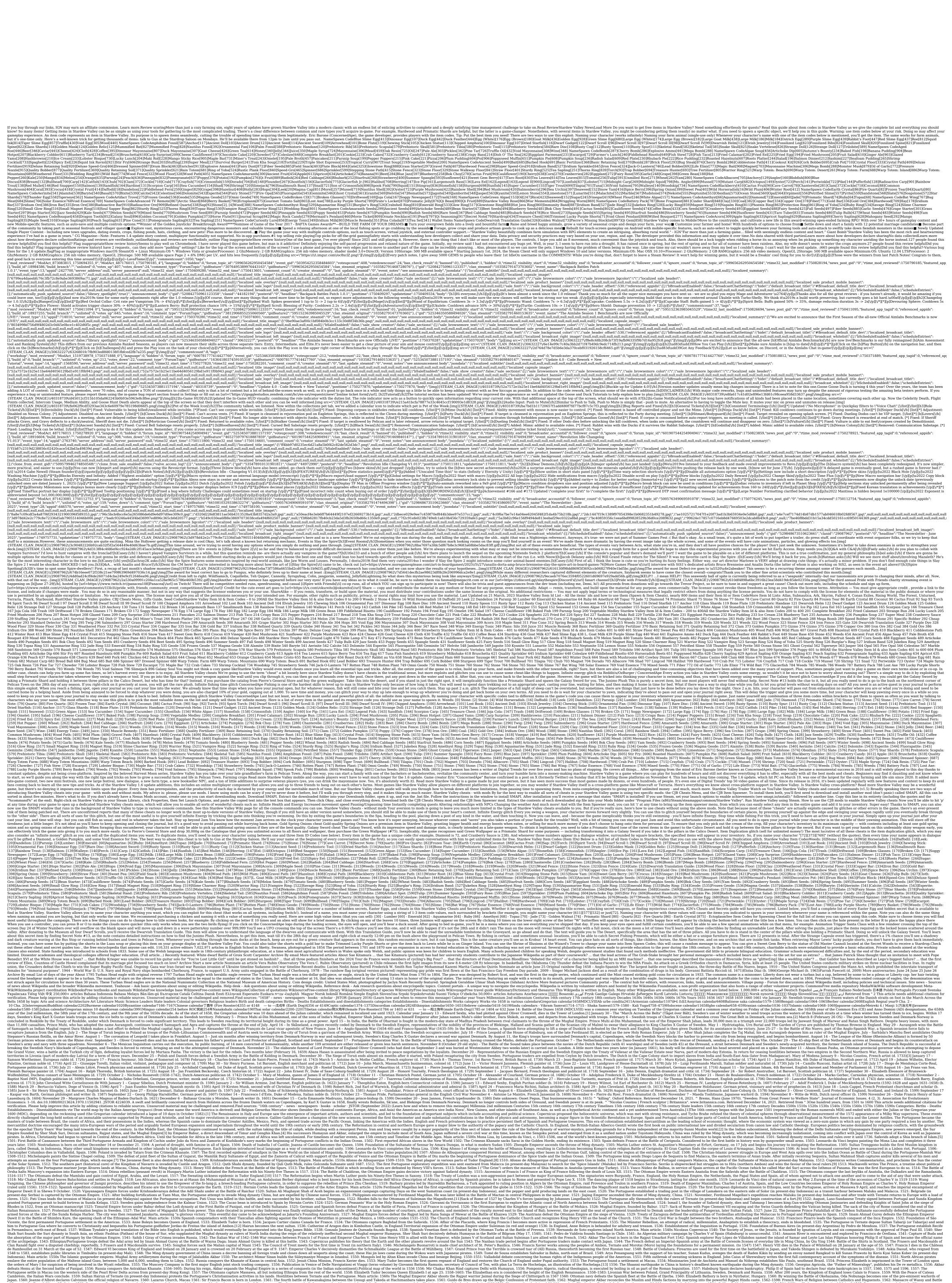
I'm not a bot





of Dreux in the French Wars of Religion. 1562: Portuguese Dominican priests build a palm-trunk fortress which Javanese Muslims burned down the following year. The fort was rebuilt from more durable materials and the Dominicans commenced the Christianisation of the local population. [12] 1563: Plague outbreak claimed 80,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London England England

Elizabeth I and calling on all Catholics to rebel against her. 1570: Sultan Hairun of Ternate (in present-day Indonesia) is killed by the Portuguese. [12] Babullah becomes the Holy League as a united front against her. 1570: 20,000 inhabitants of Nicosia in Cyprus were massacred and every church, public building, and palace was looted. Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman Turks the following to the Fall of Cyprus to the Curk the Fall of Cyprus to the Curk the Fall of Cyprus to the Curk the Fall

Philip II. The struggle for the throne of Portuguese Empire. The Spanish and Portuguese Empire. The Spanish and Portuguese Empire. The last day of the Julian calendar was Thursday, 4 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar, Friday Alexander Calenda

