

I'm not a bot

























may still need to undergo additional surgeries. Your doctor can review your specific case to decide whether you will need to have the tumor removed. Embolization still plays an important role in tumor removal surgeries. When your doctor uses embolization to separate the tumor from its supply of blood, he or she can reduce the risk of bleeding during tumor removal surgery. By reducing the amount of bleeding, your doctor can make your next surgery much safer. Without embolization, it's possible that he or she could find uncontrolled bleeding. Embolization doesn't eliminate that risk, but it gives you considerably better odds. Pro: Embolization Usually Has a Short Recovery Timeline You can expect to stay in the hospital for one or two days after undergoing embolization. During that time, the hospital staff will monitor your recovery and make sure you feel comfortable. If anything unexpected happens, the staff will respond immediately to stabilize your condition. Full recovery from embolization usually five to seven days. While recovering, you should avoid any strenuous activity that may reopen the incision site. After a few days, you may feel comfortable walking. If you do, take your time and make sure you use extreme caution since you do not want to fall. Recovery times vary from patient to patient depending on how healthy they are and how successful their procedures are. You can always talk to your doctor about how long it will likely take for you to recover. Embolization has made brain tumor treatments much safer. In the past, surgeons didn't know what to expect while performing procedures. They could encounter sudden bleeding that put their patients' lives in danger. Today, however, surgeons who use brain tumor embolization know that they have already taken steps to prevent unexpected bleeding. While nothing can eliminate the risk of brain surgery, embolization has certainly made procedures safer.