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WriterAdditional CrewSoundtrackEdgar Allan Poe was born on January 19, 1809, in Boston, Massachusetts. His father, named Elizabeth Arnold Hopkins Poe, were touring actors. Both parents died in 1811, and Poe became an orphan before he was 3 years old. He was adopted by John Allan, a tobacco merchant in
Richmond, Virginia, and was sent to a boarding school in London, England. He later attended the University of Virginia for one year, but dropped out and ran up massive gambling debts after spending all of his tuition money. John Allan broke off Poe's engagement to his fiancée Sarah Royster. Poe was heartbroken, traumatized, and broke. He had no way
out and enlisted in the army in May of 1827. At the same time Poe published his first book, "Tamerlane and Other Poems" (1827). In 1829, he became a West Point cadet, but was dismissed after 6 months for disobedience. By that time he published "Al Aaraf" (1929) and "Poems by Edgar A. Poe" (1831), with the funds contributed by his fellow cadets. His
early poetry, though written in the manner of Lord Byron, already shows the musical effects of his verses. Poe moved in with his widowed aunt, Maria Clemm, whom he married before she was 14 years old. He earned respect as a critic and writer. In his essays "The Poetic Principle" and "The Philosophy of
Composition, "Poe formulated important literary theories. But his career suffered from his compulsive behavior and from alcoholism. He did produce, however, a constant flow of highly musical poems, of which "The Raven" (1845) and "The Bells" (1849) are the finest examples. Among his masterful short stories are "Ligeia" (1838), "The Fall of the House
of Usher"(1839) and "The Masque of the Red Death". Following his own theory of creating "a certain unique or single effect", Poe invented the genre of the detective story ever published. Just when his life began to settle, Poe was devastated by the death of his wife
Virginia in 1847. Two years later he returned to Richmond and resumed a relationship with his former fiancée, Sarah Royster, who, by that time, was a widow. But shortly after their happy reconciliation he was found unconscious on a street in Baltimore. Poe was taken to the Washington College Hospital where Doctor John Moran diagnosed "lesions on a street in Baltimore."
the brain" (the Doctor believed Poe was mugged). He died 4 days later, briefly coming in and out of consciousness, just to whisper his last words, "Lord, help my poor soul." The real cause of his death is still unknown and his death certificate has disappeared. Poe's critic and personal enemy, named Rufus Griswold, published an insulting obituary; later he
visited Poe's home and took away all of the writer's manuscripts (which he never returned), and published his "Memoir" of Poe, in which he forged a madman image of the writer. The name for Humbert's first love, Annabelle Leigh. Nabokov also used in
'Lolita' some phrases borrowed from the poem of Edgar Allan Poe. "The Fall of the House of Usher" was set to music by Claude Debussy as an opera. Sergei Rachmaninoff created a musical tribute to Poe by making his favorite poem "The Bells" into the eponymous Choral Symphony. You have no recently viewed pages Share — copy and redistribute the
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legally restrict others from doing anything the license permits. You do not have to comply with the license for elements of the material in the public domain or where your use is permitted by an applicable exception or limitation. No warranties are given. The license may not give you all of the permissions necessary for your intended use. For example,
other rights such as publicity, privacy, or moral rights may limit how you use the material. Edgar Allan Poe was a master of the macabre and his poems are some of the most hauntingly beautiful pieces of literature ever written. From "Dream-Land" to "The City in the Sea," Poe's work is filled with dark themes and imagery that explore death, despair and
longing.Macabre did not only mark Edgar's stories but also his mysterious death. Before his death in a Baltimore hospital in 1849, Edgar Allan Poe had been missing for about a week until somebody found him in 'great distress'. His deathbed symptoms (i.e., fever and delusions), as Dotinga explained, "were so vague that they've spawned dozens of
theories, including poisoning, alcoholism, rabies, syphilis, suicide and homicide."In his recent book entitled, A Mystery of Mysteries: The Death and Life of Edgar Allan Poe, journalist Mark Dawidziak confirmed that although symptoms of Edgar's death point to tuberculosis, but there is also "a co-conspirator: an affliction known as election fraud".In this
post, I take a look at some of the most famous Edgar Allan Poe poems and provide a brief synopsis of their main themes. Related: Charles Bukowski PoemsThe poem Annabel Lee by Edgar Allen Poe is one of his most famous works, telling the story of two lovers, Annabel Lee and the narrator, who remain in love even after death separates them. It
begins: "It was many and many a year ago, In a kingdom by the sea, That a maiden there lived whom you may know by the name of Annabel Lee" The poem reflects Poe's feelings of deep, intense love and speaks to the eternal bond between soulmates, even after death. It is full of vivid imagery and uses repetition as a way of emphasizing its themes. The
poem ends with: "And so, all the night-tide, I lie down by the sideOf my darling—my life and my bride, In her sepulchre there by the sea—In her tomb by the sounding sea." Poe's poem, Alone, is a reflection on loneliness and alienation, describing a world that is hostile and unforgiving. It begins: "From childhood's hour I have not been on the sea—In her tomb by the sounding sea." Poe's poem, Alone, is a reflection on loneliness and alienation, describing a world that is hostile and unforgiving. It begins: "From childhood's hour I have not been on the sea—In her tomb by the sounding sea." Poe's poem, Alone, is a reflection on loneliness and alienation, describing a world that is hostile and unforgiving. It begins: "From childhood's hour I have not been on the sea—In her tomb by the sounding sea." Poe's poem, Alone, is a reflection on loneliness and alienation, describing a world that is hostile and unforgiving. It begins: "From childhood's hour I have not been on the sea—In her tomb by the sounding sea." Poe's poem, Alone, is a reflection on loneliness and alienation, describing a world that is hostile and unforgiving. It begins: "From childhood's hour I have not been on the sea—In her tomb by the se
were—I have not seenAs others saw—I could not bringMy passions from a common spring—"The poem reflects on the feelings of being an outcast and disconnected from the world, as well as Poe's own struggles with depression since an early age. The poem reflects on the feelings of being an outcast and disconnected from the world, as well as Poe's own struggles with depression since an early age. The poem reflects on the feelings of being an outcast and disconnected from the world, as well as Poe's own struggles with depression since an early age.
by—From the thunder, and the storm—And the storm—And the form(When the rest of Heaven was blue)Of a demon in my view—"This poem explores themes of time and memory, questioning how we can cling to our memories even as they inevitably fade away. It begins: "Take this kiss upon the brow!And, in parting from you now,Thus much let me
avow—You are not wrong, who deemThat my days have been a dream; Yet if hope has flown awayIn a night, or in a day, In a vision, or in none, Is it therefore the less gone?"The poem is full of melancholic reflections on life and death as Poe contemplates the transient nature of existence. In his musings, he reflects that even though things may be lost, they
can still live on in our memories. The poem ends with:O God! can I not graspThem with a tighter clasp?O God! can I not saveOne from the pitiless wave?Is all that we see or seemBut a dream within a dream?The Raven is one of Edgar Allan Poe's most famous poems and has become a classic in the literary world. It tells the story of a mysterious visitor, a
raven, that visits a man who is mourning the death of his beloved Lenore. The poem begins with the narrator musing on how he wishes he had never opened his door to the strange bird: "Once upon a midnight dreary, while I pondered, weak and weary, Over many a quaint and curious volume of forgotten lore—While I nodded, nearly napping, suddenly
there came a tapping, As of someone gently rapping, at my chamber door. "The poem goes on to explore themes of death, regret and loss. The narrator is haunted by the raven's words, "Nevermore," a phrase which reminds him of his beloved Lenore that he can never reclaim. The poem ends with these lines: "And the Raven, never flitting, still is
sitting, still is sittingOn the pallid bust of Pallas just above my chamber door;And his eyes have all the seeming of a demon's that is dreaming,And the lamplight o'er him streaming throws his shadow on the floor;And my soul from out that shadow that lies floating on the floor;And my soul from out that shadow on the floor;And my soul from out the floor;And my soul from out that shadow on the floor;And my soul from out the floor;And 
sentimental poems, dedicated to his mother. In it, he expresses his love for her and the admiration that she has given him through her lifetime of guidance and care. The poem begins: "Because I feel that, in the Heavens above, The angels, whispering to one another, Can find, among their burning terms of love, None so devotional as that of "Mother," The
poem goes on to describe the maternal love and devotion of his mother, who has been a source of strength and solace for him throughout his life. The poem ends with these lines: "My mother—my own mother, who died early, And thus are dearer than the mother I knew By that
infinity with which my wifeWas dearer to my soul than its soul-life."This poem is a touching tribute to Poe's beloved mother and devotion. Dream-Land is a poem about death and the afterlife. In it, Poe speaks of a dream-land where he can be
reunited with his lost love, Lenore. The poem begins: "By a route obscure and lonely, Haunted by ill angels only, Where an Eidolon, named Night, On a black throne reigns upright, I have reached these lands but newly From an ultimate dim Thule—From a wild weird clime that lieth, sublime, Out of Space—out of Time." The poem goes on to describe a dream-
land of beauty and peace, in which the narrator can once again be with Lenore. The poem ends: "By a route obscure and lonely, Where an Eidolon, named NIGHT,On a black throne reigns upright, I have wandered home but newly From this ultimate dim Thule." Dream-Land is an enchanting and vivid poem that transports the
reader to a place of beauty and peace. It speaks of death, longing and hope, and is a fitting tribute to Poe's beloved Lenore. Eldorado is a poem about an intrepid knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado. "The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins: "Gaily bedight, A gallant knight, In sunshine and in shadow, Had journeyed long, Singing a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The poem begins a song, In search of Eldorado." The p
continues to describe the knight's tireless search for the fabled city of gold, and his ultimate realization that it was an elusive dream. The poem ends with these lines: "Over the Mountains Of the Moon, Down the Valley of the Shadow, Ride, boldly ride,' The shade replied,—If you seek for Eldorado!'Eldorado is a poignant poem about the futility of
searching for something that may never be found. It speaks to the human desire for success and wealth, and highlights the importance of appreciating what we have in the present moment. The Haunted Palace is a poem about a ruined palace that was once the home of an evil monarch. In it, Poe paints a vivid picture of the dark and decrepit palace and its
The poem ends: "And travelers, now, within that valley, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, While like a ghastly rapid river, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, While like a ghastly rapid river, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, While like a ghastly rapid river, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, While like a ghastly rapid river, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, While like a ghastly rapid river, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, while like a ghastly rapid river, Through the red-litten windows seeVast forms, that move fantastically a discordant melody, while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody, while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody while like a ghastly rapid river, a discordant melody while like a ghastly rapid river.
terror. It serves as a haunting reminder of man's capacity for evil, and his ultimate inability to escape its traces. The City in the Sea is a poem about an underwater city that is filled with death and despair. In it, Poe paints a vivid picture of this dark and sinister place, and speaks of its inhabitants who are shrouded in darkness and silence. The poem
begins: "Lo! Death has reared himself a throneIn a strange city lying aloneFar down within the dim West, Where the good and the bestHave gone to their eternal rest." The poem ends: "The waves have now a strange city lying aloneFar down within the dim West, Where the good and the bestHave gone to their eternal rest." The waves have now a strange city lying aloneFar down within the dim West, Where the good and the bestHave gone to their eternal rest. "The waves have now a strange city lying aloneFar down within the dim West, Where the good and the best Have gone to their eternal rest." The waves have now a strange city lying aloneFar down within the dim West, Where the good and the best Have gone to their eternal rest. "The waves have now a strange city lying aloneFar down within the dim West, Where the good and the best Have gone to their eternal rest."
faced with the forces of death. What a journey into the hauntingly beautiful mind of Edgar Allan Poe, right? From love that transcends death in "Annabel Lee" to the soul-wrenching isolation of "Alone," to even the existential ponderings in "A Dream Within A Dream," we've plunged deep into the psyche of one of America's most enigmatic poets. And let's
not forget the eerie depictions of places like Dream-Land and the City in the Sea, which almost feel like characters themselves, looming large over the narratives. Poe's work continues to captivate because it goes beyond the macabre settings and chilling scenarios. It touches upon universal human experiences—love, loss, isolation, and the existential
dread that occasionally grips us all. As Mark Dawidziak posits in his recent book, even the circumstances surrounding Poe's own demise have an air of mystery that fits well within his larger-than-life persona. I think that enduring allure lies in the way Poe makes us confront our own fears and question our own realities. Much like that raven that
relentlessly repeats "Nevermore," the poems and the themes they explore stick in the mind, long after the book is closed. Edgar Allan Poe was a prolific writer, known for a number of literary achievements. As a short-story writer, he was famous for his Romantic and Gothic fiction, as well as for innovations in science fiction, horror, and detective stories
But this genius wordsmith also loved to write poetry, penning more than 70 works of verse in his short life. These 25 Edgar Allan Poe poems are among his best, showing his mastery of language and literary devices. Get the full text of each poem as a free printable to use with your students by filling out the form. Yes, I Want My Free Printable Poems
Published in 1845, toward the end of his life, "The Raven" is easily Poe's most popular poem. The haunting rhyme and repetition throughout evoke an eerie mood that draws in even the most reluctant readers of poetry. Unlike some Edgar Allan Poe poems, this one uses accessible language that readers of all ages can understand and enjoy. Those who
want to take a deeper dive will find allusions, poetic devices, and more that add further significance to these well-known verses. Poe wrote multiple poems about women, often those who had died tragically young. "Annabel Lee" is probably the most famous of these odes, written in simple but evocative language that seems to sing. This was the last full
poem Poe wrote before his early death at age 40 in 1849. From the light jingle of sleigh bells to the heavy toll of funeral bells, Poe explores the sounds and emotions of the eponymous noisemakers. The repetitive use of the word itself becomes progressively more crazed, until the reader can feel those bells ringing inside their own heads. This is a popular
poem for teaching onomatopoeia, as well as how changes in meter can affect the overall feeling of a composition. It's a thought that comes to many of us at one time or another: What if all of life is really just one long dream? A reference to "grains of the golden sand" evokes the image of an hourglass, with the precious seconds of life draining away
relentlessly. The narrator vainly wishes to freeze time, keeping just one grain from "the pitiless wave," but to no avail. Like many poets, Poe worried that advances in science would remove a sense of mystery from the world. Scientists seek to answer questions the narrator feels are better left to the imagination, wishing to be left "in his wandering / to
seek for treasure in jeweled skies." Written as a traditional 14-line English sonnet, this poem includes several classical literary allusions that modern readers may need to research to fully understand their meaning. First written as a standalone poem, "The Haunted Palace" was later incorporated into Poe's masterful short story "The Fall of the House of
Usher." When read as part of the larger work, this poem reflects the disordered mind of a man haunted by literal and emotional phantoms. The haunted palace itself is written as a metaphor, with two windows for eyes and the door an open mouth through which "a troop of Echoes" sing. The legend of El Dorado, a mythical city made of gold, perpetuated
throughout the settling of the Americas. This brief poem tracks the journeys of a knight who spends an entire lifetime in search of the storied treasure. As his life draws to a close, he asks a "pilgrim shadow" to point the way. The answer seems to indicate that death and the afterlife are the only place to find the true Eldorado. Inspired by works like
Samuel Taylor Coleridge's "Kubla Khan," Poe wrote of a city in the West, ruled over by Death. It's a perfect representation of the Gothic themes the author explored so well, personifying Death and imbuing it with human characteristics. Full of repetition and alliteration, "The City in the Sea" is one of many Edgar Allan Poe poems that demonstrate his
masterful use of poetic devices. Poe actually wrote this poem to woman named Jane Stanard, his first love. By calling her Helen, he compares her to Helen of Troy, fabled for her incredible beauty. At first reading, this poem may feel inaccessible to many modern readers unfamiliar with the classical allusions throughout. A little research into the names
and references reveals the flattering similes and metaphors that describe the subject's beauty and grace. In this ode, Poe uses the name "Lenore," later found in "The Raven." This poem came earlier, and tells the story of her lover, Guy De Vere, who chooses to mourn her in his own way. While others want the traditional mournful funereal dirge, the
narrator instead proposes a celebration of her passage to paradise. Note the emphasis on the letter "L" throughout, a common device in Poe's poetry. Written when Poe was just 20 years old, this poem reflects on his sense of being different than others. It's bound to resound with many teens, who often believe that they're alone, with no one who
understands how they think or feel. Poe's descriptions of isolation and inner torment may sound overwrought to some, while others see themselves represented in his revealing words. It's interesting to note that Poe wrote this poem specifically as an elocution piece, which means it was written to be spoken aloud. It's best read that way even today, noting
the emphasis on sound and rhythm. This is another poem full of literary allusions, meaning a little research can help the modern reader make a deeper connection to Poe's meaning in this lament for lost love. This enigmatic sonnet hasn't been the subject for
students looking to explore Poe from a new angle, giving their own interpretation to this challenging piece of work. Compare the possible impacts of silence on different people in different situations, considering how it can be a soothing balm—or quiet torture. With nearly identical first and last stanzas, this poem describes a place "out of space—out of
time." The narrator details his surroundings and concludes he has "wandered home." The Dream-Land itself is often considered this longer poem one of the finest he had ever written. The subject, Nancy Richmond, was a woman with
whom he had a complicated relationship, platonic but very deep. She supported him through a challenging mental crisis, helping him find a sense of peace and purpose near the end of his life. Originally published on its own, Poe later used "The Conqueror Worm" in his short story "Ligeia." An audience of weeping angels watches a play unfold in which
mimes, "mere puppets," run about randomly but persistently chasing a "Phantom." The play ends when "the Conqueror Worm" of Death arrives, putting an end to the tragedy of Man's life, represented by the mimes. It's a solemn reflection on the author's perceived futility of life and the inevitability of death. Poe's own mother died when he was very
young, and his father abandoned the family. Edgar was raised by a foster family, but he connected most strongly with his mother-in-law, Maria Clemm. This ode to her will resonate with anyone who feels that a chosen family is just as important (if not more) as the family you're born into. The narrator of this lyric poem finds the moon bright and beautiful
but cold and distant. Instead, he admires the evening star, which seems to shine just for him. Poe celebrates the splendor of nature, and perhaps intends it as a metaphor on various types of human relationships. This is one of several Edgar Allan Poe poems about dreams, a theme he returned to again and again. Here, he posits that the happiness of
dreams is better than the waking reality. Written in rhyming couplets, the poem and its poet yearn for happy childhood days, which the narrator can only find in his dreams. Once again, Poe writes of a beautiful woman whose life was cut short, lamenting her loss but celebrating her days. The narrator praises Eulalie for rescuing him from a sad and lonely
life, noting that even though she is now gone, she has left him a better person for knowing her. The optimistic tone of his best poems, writing to a friend that it was even better than "The Raven" (though he knew most would
disagree). The narrator begins by describing a lovely nighttime scene, filled with flowers and moonlight. But soon the deeper meaning bleeds in, as the reader realizes the narrator stands in a cemetery, watching a grave being prepared for a woman who has died. The rest of the poem describes the deceased, hoping she now sleeps in peace. An acrostic
in which each line of a poem begins with the letter of a word (which is often used as the title) is one of the earliest poets like Poe used this form too. This verse, spelling out Elizabeth, was written for one of Poe's cousins. Unpublished until long after Poe's death, this is actually one of the earliest poets like Poe used this form too. This verse, spelling out Elizabeth, was written for one of Poe's death, this is actually one of the earliest poets like Poe used this form too. This verse, spelling out Elizabeth, was written for one of Poe's death, this is actually one of the earliest poets like Poe used this form too.
of his earliest known works, written in 1829. You'll find many of Poe's common themes in this poem: death, the loss of a loved one, dreams, sorrow and depression, and more. Loss has plunged the narrator into the deepest despair, and ultimately, he feels he can only be happy now when he retreats into his dreams. Many consider this one of Poe's finer
works. This is one of the longest Edgar Allan Poe poems, telling the fictionalized story of a Turco-Mongol conqueror. The hero sacrifices love for power, ultimately lamenting his choice on his deathbed. Poe himself may have identified with Tamerlane, as he used the name as a pseudonym several times. Short and witty, this anonymously published poem is
commonly believed to have been written by Poe. Though there's some debate over the authorship, the clever use of language is certainly well within Poe's abilities, although quite different from his usual style. It's a fun read, full of puns and word play, and bound to be a surprise to students used to Poe's drearier works. Just share your email address for
instant access to full-text printable versions of all the Edgar Allan Poe poems on this list. Get Printable Poe Forms, the free encyclopedia that anyone can edit. 117,937 active editors 7,000,156 articles in English Beach on Nosy Komba Nosy Komba is a small volcanic island in Madagascar, situated between Nosy Be and the northwest coast of the main
island. The lowlands of the island are divided between secondary forest and a patchwork of farmland and plantations (notably including shade-grown coffee), while the highlands are mainly scrubland, with a bamboo forest in the northern portions. Ampangorina is the main village and administrative center. The island attracts significant ecotourism,
thanks in part to its black lemurs. During the early 1800s, the region was heavily settled by Sakalava refugees and their slaves fleeing the hegemony of the Merina. France gained control of the island in 1840 and converted it to a logistic center for the import of indentured servants. Although Nosy Komba hosts a traditionally protected forest and an
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crashed a few minutes later? ... that Indonesian radio presenters Muhammad Farhan and Indy Barends co-hosted a 32-hour nonstop radio show in 2001, setting a national record which they held until 2019? ... that in one year, 166,000 people visited a three-bedroom house with a garage that stood amid New York City's skyscrapers? Archive Start a new
the Democratic Alliance wins the most seats in parliament. Austria, represented by JJ with the song "Wasted Love", wins the Eurovision Song Contest. Ongoing: Gaza war M23 campaign Russian invasion of Ukraine timeline Sudanese civil war timeline Recent deaths: Sebastião Salgado Alfredo Palacio Marthe Cohn Charles Rangel Jim Irsay Yury
Grigorovich Nominate an article May 28: Republic Day in Armenia (1918); Independence Day in Azerbaijan (1918) Mozaffar ad-Din 585 BC - According to the Greek historian Herodotus, a solar eclipse, accurately predicted by Thales of Miletus, abruptly ended the Battle of Halys between the Lydians and the Medes. 1644 - English Civil War: Royalist
troops stormed and captured the Parliamentarian stronghold of Bolton, leading to a massacre of defenders and local residents. 1901 - Mozaffar ad-Din (pictured), Shah of Persia, granted exclusive rights to prospect for oil in the country to William Knox D'Arcy. 1937 - The rise of Neville Chamberlain culminated with his accession as Prime Minister of the
United Kingdom, being summoned to Buckingham Palace to "kiss hands". 2002 - An independent commission appointed by the Football Association voted two-to-one to allow Wimbledon F.C. to relocate from London to Milton Keynes. Robert Baldock (d. 1327)Francis Gleeson (priest) (b. 1884)Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau (b. 1925)Kylie Minogue (b. 1968)
More anniversaries: May 27 May 28 May 29 Archive By email List of days of the year About The Hell Gate Bridge is a railroad bridge in New York City, United States. The bridge carries two tracks of Amtrak's Northeast Corridor and one freight track between Astoria, Queens, and Port Morris, Bronx, via Randalls and Wards Islands. Its main span is a
1,017-foot (310 m) steel through arch across Hell Gate, a strait of the East River that separates Wards Island from Queens. The New York Connecting Railroad began construction of the bridge in 1912, and it opened in 1917. The main span, a two-hinged arch flanked by stone towers on either bank of Hell Gate, was the world's longest steel arch bridge
until the Bayonne Bridge opened in 1931. It is one of the few rail connections from Long Island, of which Queens is part, to the rest of the United States. This panoramic photograph shows the main span of the Hell Gate Bridge, with Wards Island on therest of the United States.
left of the image and Astoria on the right. A tugboat tows a barge in the foreground towards the Hell Gate Bridge. Photograph credit: Rhododendrites Recently featured: Anemonoides blanda Bluespotted ribbontail ray Black Lives Matter art Archive More featured pictures Community portal - The central hub for editors, with resources, links, tasks, and
announcements. Village pump - Forum for discussions about Wikipedia and the broader Wikipedia and technical issues. Site news - Sources of news about Wikipedia and the broader Wikipedia and the broade
research questions about encyclopedic topics. Content portals - A unique way to navigate the encyclopedia. Wikipedia is written by volunteer editors and hosted by the Wikimedia Foundation, a non-profit organization that also hosts a range of other volunteer projects: CommonsFree media repository MediaWikiWiki software development Meta-
WikiWikimedia project coordination WikibooksFree textbooks and manuals WikidataFree knowledge base WikinewsFree-content news WikiquoteCollection of quotations WikisourceFree-content library WikispeciesDirectory of species WikiversityFree learning tools WikivoyageFree travel guide WiktionaryDictionary and thesaurus This Wikipedia is written
in English. Many other Wikipedias are available; some of the largest are listed below. 1,000,000+ articles Bahasa Indonesia Bahasa Melayu Bân-lâm-gú Български Català Čeština Dansk Eesti Еλληνικά (ретидие Русский Svenska Українська Тіє́ng Việt 中文 250,000+ articles Bahasa Indonesia Bahasa Melayu Bân-lâm-gú Български Català Čeština Dansk Eesti Ελληνικά (при ванава Порованава Порова Ванава Ванава Порова Ванава Ван
 Esperanto Euskara עברית Հայերեն Magyar Norsk bokmål Română Simple English Slovenčina Srpski Srpskohrvatski לפנפט Frysk Gaeilge Galego Hrvatski לפנפט Frysk Gaeilge Galego Hrvatski לפנים אוריים בווים אורים באונים הייש אינים אורים באונים באונים הייש אינים באונים באונים הייש אינים באונים בא
Retrieved from "2Calendar year 1918 January February March April May June July August September October November December This article is about the year 1918. For other uses, see 1918 (disambiguation). Calendar year Years Millennium 2nd millennium Centuries 19th century 21st century 21st century Decades 1890s 1900s 1910s 1920s 1930s
Years 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 vte 1918 by topic Subject Animation Archaeology Architecture Art Aviation Awards Film Literature Poetry Meteorology Music Jazz Rail transport Radio Science Sports Football Television By country Afghanistan Australia Belgium Brazil Bulgaria Canada China Denmark Finland France Germany Hungary India
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and disestablishments categories Establishments Disestablishments Disestablishments Works Category Works Introductions vte 1918 in various calendar 1839-1840 Bengali calendar 1839-184
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the Julian calendar, the 1918th year of the 20th century, and the 9th year of the 20th century, and the 918th year of the 218th year of th
year The ceasefire that effectively ended the First World War took place on the eleventh hour of the eleventh month of this year, the Spanish flu pandemic killed 50-100 million people worldwide. In Russia, this year runs with only 352 days. As the result of Julian to Gregorian calendar switch, 13 days needed to be
skipped. Wednesday, January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 1918 January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 1918 January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 1918 January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 1918 January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 1918 January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 16: The Act of Independence of Lithuania Main article: January 1918 January 31 (Julian Calendar) was immediately followed by Thursday, February 1918 January 1918 Ja
January 4 - The Finnish Declaration of Independence is recognized by Soviet Russia, Sweden, Germany and France. January 8 - American president Woodrow Wilson presents the Fourteen Points as a basis for peace negotiations to end the war. January 9 - Battle of Bear Valley: U.S. troops engage Yaqui Native American warriors in a minor skirmish in
Arizona. This is one of the last battles of the American Indian Wars between the United States and Native Americans. January 15 The keel of HMS Hermes is laid in Britain, the first purpose-designed aircraft carrier to be laid down. The Red Army) is formed in the Russian SFSR and Soviet Union. January 18 - The
independence from Bolshevik Russia. January 25 - The Third All-Russian Congress of Soviets establishes the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic. January 28 - Porvenir massacre: Texas Rangers, U.S. Cavalry soldiers and local ranchers kill 15 unarmed Mexican villagers, both
men and boys. Main article: February 1918 February 1 - Cattaro Mutiny: Austrian sailors in the Gulf of Cattaro (Kotor), led by two Czech Socialists, mutiny. February 3 - Battle of Oulu February 5 - The SS Tuscania is torpedoed off the Irish coast; it is the first ship carrying American troops to Europe to be torpedoed and sunk. February 23: Estonian
Declaration of Independence February 6 - Women's suffrage in the United Kingdom: Representation of the People Act gives most women over 30 the vote.[3] February 10 - Deposed Sultan of the United Kingdom: Representation of the People Act gives most women over 30 the vote.[3] February 10 - Deposed Sultan of the United Kingdom: Representation of the People Act gives most women over 30 the vote.[3] February 10 - Deposed Sultan of the United Kingdom: Representation of the United Kingdom: Representation of the United Kingdom: Representation of the United Kingdom of the Un
causing a moderate tsunami.[4] February 14 - Russia switches from the Julian calendar to the Gregorian calendar; the date skips from January 31 to February 14 - Russia or any other state. February 18 - Operations
 against the Marri and Khetran tribes in Balochistan by British authorities begin. February 19 - WWI: The Capture of Jericho by the Egyptian Expeditionary Force begins the British occupation of the Jordan Valley. February 23 - Estonian
Declaration of Independence from Russia, after seven centuries of foreign rule; German forces capture Tallinn the following day. Main article: March 3 - WWI: The Central Powers and Bolshevist Russia sign the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, ending
Russia's involvement in the war. March 6 The Finnish Army Corps of Aviation is founded as a forerunner of the Finnish Army Corps of Aviation is founded as a tribute to the Swedish explorer and aviator Eric von Rosen, who donated the first plane. Von Rosen had painted the Viking symbol on the plane as
his personal lucky insignia.[5] The first pilotless drone, the Hewitt-Sperry Automatic Airplane development is scrapped in 1925, after its guidance system proves unreliable. March 7 - WWI: Finland forms an alliance with Germany. March 8 - WWI:
The Battle of Tell 'Asur is launched by units of the British Army's Egyptian Expeditionary Force against Ottoman defences from the Mediterranean Sea, across the Judaean Mountains to the edge of the Jordan Valley; it ends on March 12, with the move of much of the front line north into Ottoman territory. March 12 - Moscow becomes the capital of Soviet
Russia. March 15 - Finnish Civil War: The battle of Tampere begins.[6] March 19 - The United States Congress establishes time zones, and approves daylight saving time (DST goes into effect on March 31). March 21-July 18 - WWI: The Spring Offensive by the German Army along the Western Front fails to make a breakthrough, despite large losses on
each side, including nearly 20,000 British Army dead on the first day, Operation Michael, on the Somme. March 21 - WWI: The giant German cannon, the 'Paris Gun' (Kaiser Wilhelm Geschütz), begins to shell
 Paris from 114 km (71 mi) away. In London at the Wood Green Empire, Chung Ling Soo (William E. Robinson, U.S.-born magician) dies during in a hospital. March 25 The Belarusian People's Republic declares independence
Karl Muck, music director of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, is arrested under the Alien Enemies Act, and imprisoned for the duration of WWI. March 26 - Marie Stopes publishes her influential book Married Love in the U.K. March 27 - WWI: The First Battle of Amman is launched by units of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force, during the First
Transjordan attack on Amman; it ends with their withdrawal on 31 March, back to the Jordan Valley. March 30 - March Days: Bolshevik and Armenian Revolutionary Federation forces suppress a Muslim revolt in Baku, Azerbaijan, resulting in up to 30,000 deaths. Main article: April 1918 Styles of Lucy, Lady Duff-Gordon, as presented in a vaudeville
circuit pantomime and sketched by Marguerite Martyn of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch in April 1 - The Royal Flying Corps and the Ro
1965. April 6 - Finnish Civil War: The battle of Tampere ends.[6] April 8 - Operations against the Marri and Khetran tribes in Balochistan end with surrender to the British authorities. April 9 - Union of Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with Romania: Bessarabia with Romania with surrender to the British authorities.
war's most successful fighter pilot, dies in combat at Morlancourt Ridge near the Somme River, April 22 - Armenia, Azerbaijan, and Georgia declare their independence from Russia as the Transcaucasian Democratic Federative Republic, April 23 - WWI: Conscription Crisis of 1918 in Ireland: A general strike is held here against conscription. Zeebrugge
Raid: The British Royal Navy attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [7] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. April 28 - WWI: Theorem U-boat base here. [7] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [7] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts to seal off the German U-boat base here. [8] First Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsucce
Second Transjordan attack on Shunet Nimrin and Es Salt, launched by units of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force, ends on 4 May, with their withdrawal back to the Jordan Valley. Main article: May 1 - WWI: German troops enter Don Host Oblast; they capture Rostov-on-Don on May 8. May 2 - General Motors acquires the Chevrolet Motor
Company of Delaware. May 7 - WWI: The British capture Kirkuk. May 9 - WWI - Second Ostend Raid: The British Royal Navy unsuccessfully attempts, for a second time, to seal off the German U-boat base here. May 11 - The Mountainous Republic of the Northern Caucasus is officially established. May 12 - The HMT Olympic rams into the SM U-103,
sinking it. resulting in the deaths of 9 people May 14 - The Three Minute Pause, initiated by the daily firing of the Noon Gun on Signal Hill, is instituted by Cape Town Mayor Sir Harry Hands. It will inspire the introduction of the two-minute silence in November 1919.[8] May 15 The Finnish Civil War ends. The United States Post Office Department
begins the world's third regular airmail service, between New York City, Philadelphia and Washington, D.C.[9] May 16 - The Sedition Act of 1918 is approved by the U.S. Congress. May 20 - The small town of Codell, Kansas is hit for the third year in a row, on the same date, by a tornado. May 21 - The United States Army Aviation Section is separated
from the Signal Corps, and divided into the Division of Military Aeronautics and the Bureau of Aircraft Production. May 24 - Women in Canada, excluding residents of Quebec, are granted the right to vote in federal elections.[10] May 26 - The Transcaucasian Democratic Federative Republic is abolished; Georgia declares its independence as the
Democratic Republic of Georgia. May 27 - WWI: The Week-long Battle of Sardarabad concludes with defending Armenia and Azerbaijan Democratic Republic respectively. May 29 - WWI: The week-long Battle of Sardarabad concludes with defending Armenia and Azerbaijan Democratic Republic respectively.
Ottomans. May 29-30 - WWI: Battle of Skra di Legen - The Greek National Defence Army Corps defeats the Bulgarians. June 10: Austro-Hungarian battleship Szent István sunk by Italian torpedo boats Sz
- WWI: The Battle of Belleau Wood begins. June 4 - RMS Kenilworth Castle, one of the Union-Castle Line steamships, collides with her escort destroyer HMS Rival while trying to avoid her other escort, the cruiser HMS Kent. June 8 - V603 Aquilae, the brightest nova observed since Kepler's of 1604, is discovered. June 10 - WWI: The Austro-Hungarian
dreadnought battleship SMS Szent István is sunk by two Italian MAS motor torpedo boats off the Dalmatian coast. June 16 - The Declaration to
the Seven, a British government response to a memorandum issued anonymously by seven Syrian notables, is published. June 22 - Suspects in the Chicago Restaurant customers with a lethal powder called Mickey Finn. June 29 - Bronx International
Exposition of Science, Arts and Industries opens in New York; Brazil is the only international exhibitor and the exposition closes at the end of the season. [12] Main article: July 1918 July 3 - Allied intervention in the Russian Civil War. July 4918 July 3 - Allied intervention in the Russian Civil War. July 4918 July 3 - Allied intervention in the Russian Civil War.
- Mehmed VI succeeds as Sultan of the Ottoman Empire on the death of his half-brother Mehmed V (Resad, who has reigned since 1909), himself reigning until the Sultanate is abolished in 1922. July 12 - The Imperial Japanese Navy battleship Kawachi blows up off Tokuyama, Yamaguchi, western Honshu, Japan, killing at least 621. July 13 - The National
Czechoslovak Committee is established. July 14 - The film The Glorious Adventure is released in the United States, featuring Mammy Lou, who becomes one of the Marne: The battle begins near the River Marne, with a German attack. July 14 - Quentin
Roosevelt, Theodore Roosevelt's youngest son, is killed in action during the Second Battle of the RMS Titanic) is torpedoed and sunk off the east coast of Ireland, by Imperial German Navy submarine U-55; 218 of the 223 on board are
rescued.[13] Execution of the Romanov family: By order of the Bolshevik Party, and carried out by the Cheka, former emperor Nicholas II, his wife Alexandra Feodorovna, their children, Olga, Tatiana, Maria, Anastasia, Alexei and retainers are shot at the Ipatiev House, in Ekaterinburg, Russia. July 21 - WWI: Attack on Orleans - Imperial German
submarine SM U-156 surfaces and fires on a small convoy of barges and defending flying boats off the Cape Cod town of Orleans, Massachusetts.[14] Main article: August 2 - North Russia Intervention: Anti-Bolshevik forces stage a coup at Arkhangelsk, and an occupation by Allied forces follows.[15] August 3 - WWI: Australian hospital ship
HMAT Warilda is torpedoed and sunk in the English Channel on passage from Le Havre to Southampton by German submarine SM UC-49 with the loss of 123 of the 801 people on board. [16] August 8 - WWI: Battle of Amiens - British, Canadian and Australian troops begin a string of almost continuous victories, the 'Hundred Days Offensive', with an 8-
mile push through the German front lines, taking 12,000 prisoners. German General Erich Ludendorff later calls this the "black day of the German Army".[17] August 10 - Russian Revolution: The Battle of Lake Baikal is fought by the Czechoslovak legion, against the Red
Army, August 21 - WWI: The Second Battle of the Somme begins, August 23 - The Bessarabian Peasants' Party is created. August 27 - Battle of Ambos Nogales; U.S. Army forces skirmish against Mexican Carrancistas and their German advisors at Nogales, Arizona, in the only battle of WWI fought on United States soil. August 30 In response to the
October Revolution in Russia, Vladimir Lenin is shot and wounded by Fanny Kaplan in Moscow, but survives.[18] Moisei Uritsky, the Petrograd head of the Cheka, is assassinated. August 30: Attempted assassination of Lenin, depicted by Vladimir Pchelin Main article: September 1918 September - WWI: British armies and their Arab allies roll into Syria.
September 3 - The Bolshevik government of Russia publishes the first official announcement of the Red Terror, a period of repression against political opponents, as an "Appeal to the Working Class" in the newspaper Izvestia.[19] September 4 - WWI: Battle of Mont Saint-Quentin concludes with the Australian Corps breaking the German line. September 3 - The Bolshevik government of Russia publishes the first official announcement of the Red Terror, a period of repression against political opponents, as an "Appeal to the Working Class" in the newspaper Izvestia.[19] September 3 - The Bolshevik government of Russia publishes the first official announcement of the Red Terror, a period of repression against political opponents, as an "Appeal to the Working Class" in the newspaper Izvestia.[19] September 3 - The Bolshevik government of Russia publishes the first official announcement of the Red Terror, a period of repression against political opponents.
5 - Russian Civil War: The Kazan Operation begins. The event continues for 5 days, and solidifies the Red Army's power in Russia over the White Army. September 12 - WWI: Battle of Saint-Mihiel - Americans take a German salient. September 14 - WWI: The Balkan front
offensive by the Serbian Army begins. September 15-18 - WWI: Battle of Dobro Pole in the Vardar Offensive of the Balkans Campaign: The Allied Army of the Orient defeats Bulgarian defenders. September 19 - WWI: The British Army's Egyptian
Expeditionary Force launches the Battle of Megiddo, incorporating the Battle of Arara, which break the Ottoman front line stretching from the Battle of Megiddo, incorporating the Battle of Tabsor
extends into September 20. The Third Transjordan attack in the Jordan Valley begins. September 20 - WWI: The British Indian Army); Capture of Jenin by the Australian Mounted
Division, almost encircling the Yildirim Army Group still in the Judaean Mountains. September 25 - WWI: The Battle of Megiddo ends with ANZAC Mounted Division victory at the Second Battle of Amman, with the subsequent capture at Ziza of the
Ottoman II Corps, and more than 10,000 Ottoman and German prisoners. September 26 - WWI: The Meuse-Argonne Offensive begins, the largest and bloodiest operation of the war for the American Expeditionary Forces. The Capture of Damascus begins, with the Charge at Irbid by the 4th Cavalry Division. September 27 - WWI The Battle of the Canal
du Nord, launched by British and Empire forces, continues the advance towards the Hindenburg Line. Bulgaria requests an August September 29 - WWI: Battle of St Quentin Canal begins; Allied forces advance towards the Hindenburg Line. Bulgaria requests an
armistice, with the Armistice of Salonica being signed and coming into force the next day. September 30 - WWI: The Charge at Kiswe is begun by 4th Cavalry Division, continuing the Desert Mounted Corps' advance to Damascus. Main article: October 1918 October 1 - WWI: The
Desert Mounted Corps captures Damascus, October 2 - WWI: The Charge at Khan Ayash is begun north of Damascus, by the 3rd Light Horse Brigade. October 3 Kaiser Wilhelm II of Germany appoints Max von Baden Chancellor of Germany. King Ferdinand I of Bulgaria abdicates in the wake of the Bulgarian military collapse in WWI. He is succeeded by
his son, Boris III. WWI: The Pursuit to Haritan by the Desert Mounted Corps begins. October 4 Wilhelm II of Germany forms a new, liberal government to sue for peace. The T. A. Gillespie Company Shell Loading Plant explosion in New Jersey kills 100+, and destroys enough ammunition to supply the Western Front for 6 months. October 7 - The Regency
Council (Poland) declares Polish independence from the German Empire, and demands that Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second Battle of Cambrai from the Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second Battle of Cambrai from the Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second Battle of Cambrai from the Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second Battle of Cambrai from the Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second Battle of Cambrai from the Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania. October 8-10 - WWI: Second Battle of Cambrai from the Germany cede the Polish provinces of Poznań, Upper Silesia and Polish Pomerania.
Line. October 8 - WWI: In the Forest of Argonne in France, U.S. Corporal Alvin C. York almost single-handedly kills 25 German soldiers and captures 132. October 9 - Landgrave Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse is elected King of Finland. October 11 - The magnitude (Mw) 7.1 San Fermín earthquake shakes Puerto Rico with a maximum Mercalli
intensity of IX (Violent), killing 76-116 people. A destructive tsunami contributes to the damage and loss of life. October 12 - Cloquet Fire: The city of Cloquet, Minnesota, and nearby areas are destroyed in a fire, killing 453. October 16 - Emperor Karl IV of Austria publishes the Völkermanifest manifest, and nearby areas are destroyed in a fire, killing 453. October 16 - Emperor Karl IV of Austria publishes the Völkermanifest manifest, and nearby areas are destroyed in a fire, killing 453. October 16 - Emperor Karl IV of Austria publishes the Völkermanifest manifest man
be federalized on the basis of national councils October 18 - The Washington Declaration proclaims the independent Czechoslovak Republic. October 21 - German representatives of the Reichsrat in Austria-Hungary form the Provisional National Assembly for German-Austria October 24 - WWI: The Battle of Vittorio Veneto opens, October 25 WWI:
Aleppo is captured, by Prince Feisal's Sheifial Forces. The steamer Princess Sophia sinks on Vanderbilt Reef near Juneau, Alaska; 353 people die, in the greatest maritime disaster in the Pacific Northwest. October 26 - WWI - Charge at Haritan: Units of the Desert Mounted Corps battle with Ottoman forces for the last time in WWI. October 28
Czechoslovakia declares its independence from Austria-Hungary. A new Polish government is declared in Western Galicia (Eastern Europe). October 29 The Wilhelmshaven mutiny of the German High Seas Fleet breaks out. The State of Slovenes, Croats and Serbs declares its independence from Austria-Hungary. October 30 The Martin Declaration is
published, including Slovakia in the formation of the Czecho-Slovak state. The Armistice of Mudros ends conflict between the Ottoman Empire and the Allies of World War I, and grants independence to the Mutawakkilite Kingdom of Yemen. October 31 - Revolution overthrows the pro-Habsburg government in Hungary, effectively dissolving the Austro-
Hungarian Empire. Main article: November 1918 November 1 The Polish-Ukrainian War is inaugurated, by the proclamation of the West Ukrainian People's Republic in Galicia, with a capital at Lwów. Serbian forces recapture Belgrade. Malbone
Street and Flatbush Avenue, in Brooklyn. New York City, with at least 93 dead, November 3 WWI: The Armistice of Villa Giusti is signed between Austria-Hungary and the Allies near Padua. Poland declares its independence from Russia, German Revolution: Kiel mutiny by sailors in the German fleet at Kiel while throughout northern Germany soldiers and
workers begin to establish revolutionary councils on the Russian soviet model. November 4 - WWI: The Armistice of Villa Giusti comes into effect, ending warfare between Italy and Austria-Hungary on the Italian Front. November 6 - A new Polish government is proclaimed in Lublin. November 7 - King Ludwig of Bavaria flees his country. November 8 -
The German army withdraws its support of the Kaiser. The German Armistice delegation arrives at the Forest of Compiègne in France. November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin on the Reichstag balcony November 9: Proclamation of German Republic by Philipp Scheidemann Republic by Philipp Sc
Proclamation of the republic in German by Philipp Scheidemann in Berlin, on the Reichstag balcony. One of several significant events on 9 November in German history. Provisional National Council Minister-President Kurt Eisner declares Bavaria to be a republic. British battleship HMS Britannia is sunk by a German submarine off Trafalgar, with the
loss of around fifty lives (the last major naval engagement of WWI). Signatories to the Armistice of 11 November 1918 with Germany, ending WWI, pose outside Marshal Foch's railway carriageNovember 11: Front page of The New York Times on Armistice Day November 10 Luxembourg communist forces rebel in Luxembourg city, beginning the
Luxembourg rebellions.[20] November 11 End of WWI: Armistice of 11 November 1918 - Germany signs an armistice agreement with the Allies, between 5:12 AM and 5:20 AM, in the "Compiègne Wagon", Marshal Foch's railroad car, in the Forest of Compiègne wagon, Marshal Foch's railroad car
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10:59 U.S. soldier Henry Gunther becomes (probably) the last killed in action. Poland regains independence, after 123 years of partitions. Józef Piłsudski is appointed Commander-in-Chief. Emperor Charles I of Austria gives up his absolute power, but does not abdicate. Loppem Agreements: Start of a series of political meetings between King Albert I and

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Belgian liberals and socialists. Red Week: Pieter Jelles Troelstra gives a speech calling for socialist revolution in the Netherlands. November 12 - Austria becomes a republic. November 13 The Allied Occupation of Constantinople begins. Frederick II, Grand Duke of Baden, relinquishes all governing duties. November 14 Czechoslovakia becomes a
republic. The Second Polish Republic is proclaimed with Józef Piłsudski as head of state. The provisional government of Baden proclaims the "Free People's Republic of Baden" (Freie Volksrepublik Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, is forced from his throne, leading to the establishment of the People's State of Hesse. Frederick Francis IV, Grand Duke of Hesse, is forced from his throne, leading to the establishment of the People's Republic of Baden" (Freie Volksrepublik Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, is forced from his throne, leading to the establishment of the People's Republic of Baden proclaims the "Free People's Republic of Baden" (Freie Volksrepublic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, is forced from his throne, leading to the establishment of the People's Republic of Baden proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Freie Volksrepublic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, is forced from his throne, leading to the establishment of Baden proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Freie Volksrepublic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Freie Volksrepublic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Freie Volksrepublic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Free People's Republic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Free People's Republic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Free People's Republic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Free People's Republic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Free People's Republic Baden). Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and the proclaims the "Free People's Republic Baden" (Free People's Republic Baden). Ernest Louis (Free People's 
Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin abdicates his throne, leading to the establishment of the Free State of Coburg and Gotha, announces he is ceasing to rule Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, leading to the establishment of the Free State of Coburg. German East African troops are informed of the November 11
 armistice. November 16 - The Hungarian Democratic Republic is declared, marking Hungary's independence from Austria. November 18 - Latvia declares its independence from Russia. November 20 - U-boats start to rendezvous off Harwich, to begin the surrender of the High Seas Fleet to the British Royal Navy; in the following week the German
warships are escorted to internment in Scapa Flow. [22] November 21 - Lwów pogrom: Polish troops, volunteers and freed criminals massacre at least 320 Ukrainian Christians and Jews in Lwów, Galicia. November 22 The Belgian royal family returns to Brussels after the war, King Albert I having commanded the Allied army group in the September-
October Courtrai offensive, which liberated his country. Frederick II, Grand Duke of Baden, abdicates; the Grand Duke of Baden gives way to the Republic of Baden gives way to the Republic of Baden. November 23 - British military government of Palestine begins [23] November 25 - General Paul von Lettow-Vorbeck, German commander in German East Africa, signs a ceasefire at
 Abercorn in Northern Rhodesia. November 26 - The Podgorica Assembly ('Great National Assembly of the Serb People in Montenegro') votes for a "union of the exiled King Nicholas I of Montenegro.[24] November 28 - Estonian War of Independence: The Red Army
 invades Estonia, starting the war. The Commune of the Working People of Estonia is established as a Soviet puppet state in Narva on the next day. November 29 - Serbia annexes Montenegro, suspending the latter's existence as a sovereign state for nearly the entirety of the following 88 years. [25] November 30 - Ernest Ansermet conducts the first
concert by the Orchestre de la Suisse Romande. Main article: December 1918 December 19
one vote. The Union of Alba Iulia is proclaimed: Following the March 27 incorporation of Bessarabia and Bucovina, Transylvania unites with the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (which later becomes the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Se
(it would not regain its sovereignty until 2006).[25] Flag of the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes December 4 - President to travel to Europe while holding office. December 5 - Estonian War of Independence: The British light cruiser
HMS Cassandra strikes a mine and sinks near Saaremaa in the Baltic Sea, killing 11 sailors.[26] December 6 - A magnitude (Mw) 7.2 earthquake shakes British Columbia. December 14 Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse renounces the Finnish throne.[27] Portuguese President Sidónio Pais is assassinated. Giacomo Puccini's comic opera Gianni Schicch
 premiered at the Metropolitan Opera in New York City.[28] December 16 - Vincas Mickevičius-Kapsukas declares the formation of the Lithuanian-Soviet War. December 17 - Darwin Rebellion in Australia: Disaffected workers march on Government House,
 Darwin, demanding the resignation of the Administrator of the Northern Territory, John A. Gilruth. December 20 - Tomáš Garrigue Masaryk returns to the Czechoslovak Republic. December 21 - Estonian War of Independence: The Red Army captures Tartu, Estonia. December 25 - Der Stahlhelm, Bund der Frontsoldaten, is formed in Germany as a
 nationalist veterans' organization. December 27 - Greater Poland Uprising (1918-19): Poles in Greater Poland (the former Grand Duchy of Posen) rise up against the Germans, ignited by a patriotic speech made in Poznań by pianist and politician Ignacy Jan Paderewski. December 28 - Sinn Féin enjoys a landslide victory in Irish seats in the Irish genera
election (part of the 1918 United Kingdom general election), following the counting of votes, winning 73 of the 105 seats in Ireland. In accordance with their manifesto, Sinn Féin members will not take their seats in the Palace of Westminster but will form the First Dáil in Dublin. Countess Constance Markievicz, while detained in Holloway Prison
(London), becomes the first woman elected to (but does not take her seat in) the British House of Commons. [29] December 31 - A British-brokered ceasefire ends the two weeks of fighting in the Georgian-Armenian War. Nakajima Aircraft Company, a predecessor of the Subaru car manufacturing company in Japan, is founded in Ota, Gunma Prefecture
 [citation needed] João Figueiredo Gamal Abdel Nasser Gertrude B. Elion Nicolae Ceauşescu January 1 - Patrick Anthony Porteous, Scottish recipient of the Victoria Cross (d. 2019) January 10 - Arthur Chung, 1st President of Guyana (d. 2008) January 11
 Kassim Al-Rimawi, Prime Minister of Jordan (d. 1982) January 15 João Figueiredo, 30th President of Brazil (d. 1999) Gamal Abdel Nasser, 2nd President of Egypt (d. 1970) January 16 - Stirling Silliphant, American writer, producer (d. 1999) Gamal Abdel Nasser, 2nd President of Egypt (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American politician (d. 1998) Gamal Abdel Nasser, 2nd President of Egypt (d. 1970) January 16 - Stirling Silliphant, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 17 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 17 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 17 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 17 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 18 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1993) George M. Leader, American writer, producer (d. 1996) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19 Kamal Amrohi, Indian director, screenwriter (d. 1998) [30] January 19
2013) January 20 - Juan García Esquivel, Mexican bandleader (d. 2002) January 21 Chicháy, Filipino actress (d. 1993) Richard Winters, U.S. Army officer (d. 2011)[31] January 22 - Elmer Lach, Canadian ice hockey player (d. 2015) January 23 - Gertrude B. Elion, American scientist, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 1999)[32]
January 24 - Oral Roberts, American neo-Pentecostal televangelist (d. 2009) January 26 Nicolae Ceauşescu, Romanian communist politician and leader (d. 2005) Elmore James, American musician (d. 1963) January 29 Luis Aguilar
 Mexican actor, and singer (d. 1997) John Forsythe, American actor (d. 2010) January 31 - Millie Dunn Veasey, African-American civil rights activist (d. 2016) Dame Muriel Spark, Scottish author (d. 2006) February 2 - Hella Haasse, Dutch writer (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 1 Carlos Fayt, Argentine lawyer, politician and academic (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 2 - Hella Haasse, Dutch writer (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 1 Carlos Fayt, Argentine lawyer, politician and academic (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 2 - Hella Haasse, Dutch writer (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 1 Carlos Fayt, Argentine lawyer, politician and academic (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 2 - Hella Haasse, Dutch writer (d. 2018) Joey Bishop Julian Schwinger February 31 - Millie Dunn Veasey, African Schwinger 51 - Millie Dunn
2011) February 3 Joey Bishop, American entertainer, member of the "Rat Pack" (d. 2007) Helen Stephens, American runner (d. 1994) February 4 - Ida Lupino, Anglo-American actress, screenwriter, director and producer (d. 1994) February 4 - Ida Lupino, Anglo-American actress, screenwriter, director and producer (d. 1994) February 5 - Marguerite Narbel, Swiss biologist and
politician (d. 2010) February 8 - Fred Blassie, American professional wrestler, novelty singer (Pencil Neck Geek) (d. 2003) February 12 - Julian Schwinger, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1994) February 12 - Julian Schwinger, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1994) February 13 - Smilja Avramov, Serbian academic, authority and educator in
 international law (d. 2018) February 19 - Fay McKenzie, American silent film actress (d. 2019) February 22 Don Pardo, American television announcer (Saturday Night Live) (d. 2014) Robert Pershing Wadlow, American tallest man record-holder (d. 1940) February 25 Barney Ewell, American athlete (d. 1996) Miguel Gallastegui, Spanish pelotari (d.
2019) Bobby Riggs, American tennis player (d. 1995) February 26 Herbert Blaize, 6th Prime Minister of Grenada (d. 1989) Lloyd Geering, New Zealand theologian [33] Theodore Sturgeon, American writer (d. 1985) February 28 - Alfred Burke, English actor (d. 2011) João Goulart James Tobin Marguerite Chapman Elaine de Kooning Frederick Reines
Pearl Bailey March 1 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of Brazil (d. 1976) March 3 Arthur Kornberg, American biochemist, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 1 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 1 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 2 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 2 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 2 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 2 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 1973) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 2 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 2013) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2012) March 2 Roger Delgado, British actor (d. 2013) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2013) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th President of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2014) João Goulart, 24th Pre
5 - James Tobin, American economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2002)[34] March 9 Marguerite Chapman, American writer (d. 2006)[35] March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2009) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American artist (d. 2006)[35] March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2009) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American artist (d. 2006)[35] March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2009) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American artist (d. 2006)[35] March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American artist (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2009) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American artist (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2009) March 12 Elaine de Kooning, American artist (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March 10 Günther Rall, German ace fighter pilot (d. 2008) March
 1989)[36] William E. Nichol, American politician from Nebraska (d. 2006) March 16 - Frederick Reines, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1998)[37] March 23 Kazu Naoki, Japanese soccer player (d. 1940s) Émile Derlin Zinsou,
 President of Benin (d. 2016) March 28 - Gonzalo Facio Segreda, Costa Rican lawyer, politician, and diplomat (d. 1992) William Holden Kai Siegbahn Fanny Blankers-Koen April 1 - Diarmuid Larkin, Irish artist and art educationist (d. 1989) April
6 Alfredo Ovando Candía, 48th President of Bolivia (d. 1982) George Corones, Australian Masters swimmer (d. 2020) April 7 - Bobby Doerr, American baseball player (d. 2017) April 8 - Betty Ford, First Lady of the United States (d. 2011) April 9 - Jørn Utzon, Danish architect (d. 2008) April 10 - H. S. Doreswamy, Indian activist, journalist (d. 2021) April
11 - Jean-Claude Servan-Schreiber, French journalist, politician (d. 2018) April 14 - Mary Healy, American actress, variety entertainer and singer (d. 2015)[38] April 16 - Spike Milligan, Irish comedian (d. 2018) April 17 William Holden, American actress (d. 1993) April 18 Gabriel Axel, Danish film director (d. 2014)
 Shinobu Hashimoto, Japanese screenwriter (d. 2018) April 20 - Kai Siegbahn, Swedish physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2007)[39] April 26 - Fanny Blankers-Koen, Dutch athlete (d. 2001) Rodger Young, United States Army soldier
remembered in the song "The Ballad of Rodger Young" (d. 1943) April 29 - Nils Östensson, Swedish Olympic cross-country skier (d. 1949) Mike Wallace Richard Feynman Eddy Arnold Birgit Nilsson Yasuhiro Nakasone Martin Lundstrom May 1 Jack Paar, American television show host (The Tonight Show) (d. 2004)[40] Li Yaowen, Chinese politician,
general and diplomat (d. 2018) May 4 Kakuei Tanaka, 40th Prime Minister of Japan (d. 1993) Ana Enriqueta Terán, Venezuelan poet (d. 2020) Zayed bin Sultan Al Nahyan, 1st President of the United Arab Emirates (d. 2004) May 9 Orville Freeman, American politician
 (d. 2003) Mike Wallace, American journalist (d. 2012) May 11 - Richard Feynman, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1988)[41] May 12 - Julius Rosenberg, American journalist (d. 2012) May 11 - Richard Feynman, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1988)[41] May 12 - Julius Rosenberg, American journalist (d. 2012) May 11 - Richard Feynman, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1988)[41] May 12 - Julius Rosenberg, American journalist (d. 2012) May 15 Eddy Arnold, American physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1988)[41] May 15 Eddy Arnold, American journalist (d. 2012) May 16 - Wilf Mannion, English footballer
(d. 2000)[43] May 17 - Birgit Nilsson, Swedish soprano (d. 2005)[44] May 19 - Abraham Pais, Dutch-born American physicist (d. 2000) May 20 - Edward B. Lewis, American major league baseball player, politician (d. 2007) Naomi Replansky,
American poet (d. 2023) May 27 - Yasuhiro Nakasone, 45th Prime Minister of Japan (d. 2019) May 30 - Martin Lundström, Swedish Olympic cross-country skier (d. 2016) May 31 - Margaret Todd, Canadian female golfer (d. 2019) Franco Modiglian
June 2 - Kathryn Tucker Windham, American writer, storyteller (d. 2011) June 6 - Edwin G. Krebs, American biochemist, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine (d. 2011) June 10 - Patachou, French singer (d. 2015)
 June 11 - Hugo Scheltema, Dutch diplomat (d. 1996) June 15 - François Tombalbaye, 1st President of Chad (d. 1975) June 17 Derek Barber, Baron Barber of Tewkesbury, British life peer (d. 2017) Ajahn Chah Subaddho, Buddhist teacher (d. 1992) Raúl Padilla (alias El Chato), Mexican actor (d. 1994) June 18 Jerome Karle, American chemist, Nobel Prize
laureate (d. 2013) Franco Modigliani, Italian-born economist, Nobel Memorial Prize laureate (d. 2003) Ángel Martín Taboas, Puerto Rican-American politician (d. 1955) Josephine Webb, American engineer (d. 2017) June 22 Cicely Saunders, English
Anglican nurse, social worker, physician and writer (d. 2005)[45] Yeoh Ghim Seng, Singaporean politician, acting President of Singaporean politician (d. 2012) June 24 Myroslav Ivan Lubachivsky, Ukrainian Catholic bishop (d. 2000) Yong Nyuk Lin, Singaporean politician (d. 2012) June 26 Ellen Liiger, Estonian actress (d. 1987) Leo Rosner, Polish-born Austrian
 Jewish musician (d. 2008) June 27 Willy Breinholst, Danish humorist, writer (d. 2009) Adolph Kiefer, American Olympic swimmer (d. 2011) June 30 - Jackie Roberts, Welsh footballer (d. 2001) Ingmar Bergman Bertram Brockhouse Nelson Mandela Paul D. Boyer July 1 Ahmed Deedat, South
 African writer, public speaker (d. 2005) Pedro Yap, Filipino lawyer (d. 2003) July 2 Athos Bulcão, Brazilian painter, sculptor (d. 2010) Eric Bedser, English actor (d. 2006) July 4 King Taufa'āhau Tupou IV of Tonga (d. 2006) Alec Bedser, English cricketer (d. 2010) Eric Bedser, English
cricketer (d. 2006) July 5 Zakaria Mohieddin, Egyptian general, politician (d. 2012) Nikos Papatakis, Greek Ethiopian-born naturalised French filmmaker (d. 2018) July 6 Sebastian Cabot, English actor (d. 1977) Francisco Moncion, Dominican-American dancer, charter member of New York City
Ballet (d. 1995) July 7 - Jing Shuping, Chinese businessman (d. 2009) July 8 Paul B. Fay, American businessman, soldier, and diplomat, 12th United States Secretary of the Navy (d. 2009) July 9 - Jarl Wahlström, Salvation Army general (d. 1999) July 12 - Mary Glen-Haig, British Olympic
fencer (d. 2014) July 13 Alberto Ascari, Italian racing driver (d. 2010)[47] Ingmar Bergman, Swedish film director (d. 2007[48]) Jay Wright Forrester, American computer scientist (d. 2016)[49] July 15 Paddy Bassett, New Zealand scientist (d. 2019) Bertram
 Brockhouse, Canadian physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2003) Brenda Milner, Canadian neuropsychologist July 16 Bayani Casimiro, Filipino dancer and actor (d. 1989) Pituka de Foronda, Spanish actress (d. 1999) July 17 - Carlos Manuel Arana Osorio, 35th President of Guatemala (d. 2003) July 18 Lia Dorana, Dutch comedian, actress (d. 2010) Nelson
Mandela, 1st President of South Africa and recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize (d. 2013)[50] July 20 - Auður Laxness, Icelandic writer, craftsperson (d. 2003) July 21 - Elsa Kobberstad, Norwegian schoolteacher, politician (d. 2007) July 22 - Lila Zali, Georgian-born American prima ballerina (d. 2003) July 24 Antonio Candido, Brazilian literary critic,
 sociologist (d. 2017) Ruggiero Ricci, Italian-born violinist (d. 2012) July 27 - Leonard Rose, American novelist, Pulitzer Prize for Fiction winner (d. 1968) July 31 Vicente Almeida d'Eça, Portuguese colonial administrator (d. 2018) Paul D. Boyer
American chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) Hank Jones, American pianist (d. 2010)[51] Bruria Kaufman Frederick Sanger Shankar Dayal Sharma Leonard Bernstein Katherine Johnson Aslam Khan Alejandro Agustín Lanusse August 1 Artur Brauner, German film producer and entrepreneur (d. 2019) Zhou Xuan, Chinese singer, actress (d. 1957)
August 2 - Dada Vaswani, Indian spiritual leader (d. 2018) August 3 - Cheng Kaijia, Chinese nuclear physicist and engineer (d. 2018) August 5 Kondapalli Koteswaramma, Indian communist leader, feminist, revolutionary and writer (d. 2018) Betty Oliphant, co-founder of National Ballet of Canada (d. 2004)
August 12 - Guy Gibson, British bomber pilot, leader of the "Dam Busters" raid (d. 1944) August 13 Noor Hassanali, 2nd President of Trinidad and Tobago (d. 2006) Frederick Sanger, English biochemist, double Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2013) August 19 - Shankar Dayal Sharma, 9th President of India (d. 1999) August 20 - Crystal Bennett, British
archaeologist, pioneering researcher on Jordan (d. 1987) August 21 - Bruria Kaufman, American physicist (d. 2010) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American surgeon (d. 2019) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2022) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American surgeon (d. 2019) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2022) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American surgeon (d. 2019) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2022) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American surgeon (d. 2019) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 23 - Bernard Fisher, American surgeon (d. 2010) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 25 - Leonard Bernstein, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 26 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 27 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 28 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 28 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 - Bernard Fisher, American physicial chemist (d. 2010) August 29 -
composer, conductor (d. 1990) August 26 Katherine Johnson, African-American physicist, space scientist and mathematician (d. 2020)[52] Maria Isaura Pereira de Queiróz, Brazilian sociologist (d. 2018) August 27 Aslam Khan, British Indian-born military officer, led his troops during World War II in capturing Kennedy Peak (Myanmar), which the
 Americans had failed to conquer. For this achievement, he was awarded the Military Cross by Field Marshal Auchinleck (d. 1994)[53] Chang Yun Chung, Chinese-born billionaire shipping magnate (d. 2020) Jelle Zijlstra, Dutch politician, Prime Minister of the Netherlands from 1966 to 1967 (d. 2001) August 28 - Alejandro Agustín Lanusse, 37th President
of Argentina (d. 1996) August 29 - Clemens C. J. Roothaan, Dutch physicist (d. 2019) August 30 - Ted Williams, American baseball player (d. 2002) September 1 - Phyllis Wallbank, English educationalist (d. 2020) September 3 - Helen Wagner, American soap opera actress
(d. 2010) September 4 - Gerald Wilson, American jazz trumpeter (d. 2014) September 6 - Ludwig Hörmann, German cyclist (d. 2001) September 8 - Derek Barton, British chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2012) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2010) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2011) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2012) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 13 - Ray Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 14 - Gerald Wilson, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 15 - Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 16 - Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 17 - Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 18 - Charles, American musician, singer and songwriter (d. 2014) September 18 - Charles, and songwriter (d. 2014) September 18 - Charles, and songwriter (d. 2014) September 18 - Charles, and songwriter (d. 2014) September 19 - Charles, an
2015) September 14 - James George, Canadian diplomat (d. 2020) September 15 - Nipsey Russell, American comedian, poet, and dancer (d. 2018) September 17 - Chaim Herzog, 6th President of Israel 1983-1993 (d. 1997) September 19 - Joseph Zeller, American politician (d. 2018)
September 22 - Henryk Szeryng, Polish-born violinist (d. 1988) September 24 - Emerante Morse, Haitian singer, dancer and folklorist (d. 2018) September 26 - Peng Chang-kuei, Taiwanese chef (d. 2018) September 27 - Martin Ryle, English radio astronomer, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physics (d. 1984) September 28 Ángel Labruna, Argentine
 soccer player, manager (d. 1983) Ida Schuster, Scottish actress (d. 2020) Arnold Stang, American comic actor (d. 2018) Jens Christian Skou Robert Walker Rita Hayworth Thelma Coyne Long October 4 - Kenichi Fukui, Japanese
chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 1998) October 6 - Goh Keng Swee, former Deputy Prime Minister of Singapore (d. 2010) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2007) Bebo Valdés, Cuban pianist, bandleader, composer and arranger (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2007) Bebo Valdés, Cuban pianist, bandleader, composer and arranger (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American Watergate break-in coordinator (d. 2018) October 9 E. Howard Hunt, American 
2013) October 10 - Gaston Mialaret, French pedagogist and professor (d. 2016) October 13 Jack MacGowran, Irish film actor (d. 1973) Robert Walker, American actor (d. 1990) Géori Boué, French operatic singer (d. 2017) Henri
 Vernes, Belgian author (d. 2021) October 17 - Rita Hayworth, American actress (d. 1987) October 18 Konstantinos Mitsotakis, former Greek Prime Minister (d. 2017) Bobby Troup, American politician, Democratic National Committee
Chairman (d. 2014) October 22 - René de Obaldia, French playwright and poet (d. 2022) October 23 - Augusta Dabney, American actor (d. 2006) October 26 - Marc Hodler, Swiss lawyer (d. 2006) October 27 Mihkel Mathiesen, Estonian statesman
 (d. 2003) Teresa Wright, American actress (d. 2005) October 29 - Diana Serra Cary, American actress (d. 2020) October 31 - Ian Stevenson, American parapsychologist (d. 2007) Billy Graham Spiro Agnew November 1 - Ken Miles, British sports car racing engineer and driver (d. 1966) November 2 - Raimon Panikkar, Spanish theologian (d. 2010)
 November 3 - Russell B. Long, United States Senator from Louisiana (d. 2003) November 4 Art Carney, American actor, best known for his role in The Honeymooners (d. 2013) Billy Graham, American evangelist, spiritual adviser to several U.S.
 Presidents (d. 2018) November 8 Teoh Seng Khoon, Malaysian badminton player (d. 2018) Hermann Zapf, German typeface designer (d. 2019) November 9 Spiro Agnew, Vice president of the United States (d. 2019) November 10
 Ernst Otto Fischer, German chemist, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2007) November 14 - John Bromwich, Australian tennis player (d. 1999) November 15 - Vittore Bocchetta, Italian sculptor, painter and politician (d. 2018) November 26 - Patricio Aylwin, 32nd
 President of Chile (d. 2016) November 27 - Borys Paton, Ukrainian scientist (d. 2020) November 29 - Madeleine L'Engle, American author (d. 2007) November 30 - Efrem Zimbalist Jr., American actor (d. 2014)[54] Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn Kurt Waldheim Helmut Schmidt Anwar Sadat December 3 - Abdul Haris Nasution, Indonesian general (d. 2000)
 December 7 Jórunn Viðar, Icelandic pianist, composer (d. 2017) Liu Yichang, Hong Kong writer and novelist (d. 2018) December 8 - Gérard Souzay, French baritone (d. 2004) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 10 - Anatoly Tarasov, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 12 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 11 - Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn, Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 12 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 12 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 12 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 12 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 13 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 13 - Anatoly Russian writer, Nobel Prize laureate (d. 2018) December 14 - Anat
2008) December 12 - Joe Williams, American jazz singer (d. 1999) December 13 - Rosalia Lombardo, Italian child known as The Sleeping Beauty (d. 1920)[55] December 14 - B. K. S. Iyengar, Indian yoga teacher (d. 2014) December 15 - Jeff Chandler, American actor (d. 1961) December 17 Dusty Anderson, American actress and model (d. 2007) Duchess
 Woizlawa Feodora of Mecklenburg, German royal (d. 2019) December 18 - Joyce Reynolds, English classicist and academic (d. 2022) December 21 Francisco Miró Quesada Cantuarias, Peruvian philosopher (d. 2019) Donald Regan, American Treasury Secretary, White House Chief of Staff (d. 2003) Kurt
 Waldheim, President of Austria, Secretary-General of the United Nations (d. 2007)[56] December 23 José Greco, Italian-born flamenco dancer (d. 2015) December 24 - Dave Bartholomew, American musician, songwriter and music producer (d. 2019) December 25
 Bertie Mee, English football player, manager (d. 2001) Anwar Sadat, 3rd President of Egypt, recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize (d. 1981) December 30 - W. Eugene Smith, American photojournalist (d. 1978) Abd an-Nabi Abd al-Qadir Mursal, Sudanese poet and politician (d. 1962)[57]
Georg Cantor María Dolores Rodríguez Sopeña January 2 - Katharine A. O'Keeffe O'Mahoney, Irish-born American teacher and writer (b. 1855) January 8 Johannes Pääsuke, Estonian photographer, filmmaker (b. 1892) Ellis H. Roberts, American politician (b. 1827) January 9 Max Ritter von
Müller, German World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1843) January 21 - Emil Jellinek, German automobile entrepreneur (b. 1853) January 26 - Grand Duke Nicholas Konstantinovich of the contract of t
 Russia (b. 1850) January 28 - John McCrae, Canadian soldier, surgeon and poet (b. 1872) January 31 - Ivan Puluj, Ukrainian physicist and inventor (b. 1845) Princess Leonilla Bariatinskaya, Russian aristocrat (b. 1816) February 2 - John L. Sullivan, American boxer, World
 Heavyweight Champion (b. 1858) February 4 - Akiyama Saneyuki, Japanese admiral (b. 1868) February 6 - Gustav Klimt, Austrian painter (b. 1842) Ernesto Teodoro Moneta, Italian
 pacifist, Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1833) February 11 - Alexey Kaledin, Russian general (suicide) (b. 1861) February 14 - Sir Cecil Spring Rice, British diplomat (b. 1859) February 15 - Vernon Castle, British-born American dancer (b. 1887) February 16 - Károly Khuen-Héderváry, 2-time Prime Minister of Hungary (b. 1849) February 23 Adolphus Frederick
 VI, Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz (b. 1882) Thomas Brassey, 1st Earl Brassey, 1st Earl Brassey, British politician and colonial administrator (b. 1836) Claude Debussy Martin Sheridan March 10 - Hans-Joachim Buddecke, German flying ace (killed in action) (b.
 1890) March 13 - César Cui, Lithuanian composer (b. 1835) March 14 Lucretia Garfield, First Lady of the United States (b. 1832) Gennaro Rubino, Italian anarchist who unsuccessfully tried to assassinate King Leopold II of Belgium (b. 1859) March 15 - Adolf Ritter von Tutschek, German fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1891) March 23 - T. P. Cameror
 April 1 Isaac Rosenberg, British war poet (killed in action) (b. 1890) Paul von Rennenkampf, Russian general (executed) (b. 1854) April 5 - King George Tupou II of Tonga (b. 1874) April 11 - Otto Wagner, Austro-Hungarian architect, urban planner (b. 1841) April 19 - William Hope Hodgson,
 English author (b. 1877)[58] April 20 Jussi Merinen, Finnish politician (executed) (b. 1873)[59] Karl Ferdinand Braun, German physicist, Nobel Prize laureate (b. 1851) April 21 Friedrich II, Duke of Anhalt (b. 1856) Manfred von Richthofen, German fighter pilot, top-scoring ace
of World War I (killed in action) (b. 1892) April 27 - Jacques Duchesne, French general (b. 1837) April 28 - Gavrilo Princip, Yugoslav assassin (b. 1883) Jüri Vilms, Estonian politician (b. 1889) May 14 - James Gordon Bennett Jr., American newspaper
 politician (executed) (b. 1875)[60] Wilho Laine, Finnish politician (executed) (b. 1875)[61] May 23 Gerard Noel, British admiral (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1863) May 24 - József Kiss, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian revolutionary, philosopher (b. 1896) May 30 - Georgi Plekhanov, Russian re
 1856) Kyrion II of Georgia June 1 - Roderic Dallas, Australian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1891) June 3 - Count Richard von Bienerth-Schmerling, Austrian noble, states (b. 1852) June 10 - Arrigo Boito, Italian poet, composer (b. 1842)
 June 13 - Grand Duke Michael Romanov (assassinated) (b. 1878) June 15 - Frank Miles Day, American architect (b. 1861) June 16 - Bazil Assan, Romanian engineer and explorer (b. 1888) June 26 - Kyrion II of Georgia, Georgian Orthodox patriarch, Saint (b. 1855) June 27 - Joséphin
 Péladan, French occultist (b. 1858) Sultan Mehmed V James McCudden Quentin Roosevelt Emperor Nicholas II of Russia Henry Macintosh July 3 - Sultan Mehmed V James McCudden, British fighter pilot (air crash) (b. 1895) July 14 - Quentin Roosevelt, youngest son of United States President Theodore Roosevelt
fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1897) July 17 - Executed members of the Romanov family: Former Empress Alexandra Feodorovna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1868) Former Empress Alexandra Feodorovna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1868) Former Empress Alexandra Feodorovna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1898) Former Empress Alexandra Feodorovna of Russia (b. 1897) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1898) Former Empress Alexandra Feodorovna of Russia (b. 1898) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1898) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1898) Former Empress Alexandra Feodorovna of Russia (b. 1898) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna (b. 1898) Grand Duchess Maria Nikolaevna (b. 1898) Grand
 1899) Grand Duchess Anastasia Nikolaevna of Russia (b. 1901) Former Tsarevich Alexei Nikolaevich of Russia (executed) (b. 1891) Frince Constantinovich (executed) (b. 1891) Frince Constan
 (Princess Elisabeth of Hesse and by Rhine) (executed) (b. 1864) July 20 - Francis Lupo, American soldier (b. 1895) July 22 Roy Earl Parrish, American politician, author (b. 1844) Indra Lal Roy, Indian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1898) Alexey Schastny, Russian naval officer
 (executed) (b. 1881) July 26 Henry Macintosh, British Olympic athlete (killed in action) (b. 1892) Edward Mannock, British fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1887) July 29 - Ernest William Christmas, Australian painter (b. 1863) July 30 Hermann von Eichhorn, German field marshal (assassinated) (b. 1848) Joyce Kilmer, American journalist, poet (killed in action)
 action) (b. 1886) Frank Linke-Crawford, Austro-Hungarian fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1893) July 31 - George McElroy, British fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1893) Marianne Cope August 5 - Peter Strasser,
German naval officer, airship commander (killed in action) (b. 1845) August 9 Marianne Cope, German-born American Roman Catholic nun and saint (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian soldier, Victoria Cross recipient (killed in action) (b. 1890) Erich Löwenhardt, German World War Indian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean Brillant, Canadian Scholar (b. 1845) August 10 Jean
fighter ace (air crash) (b. 1897) Aleksander Uurits, Estonian painter, graphic artist (b. 1888) August 12 - Anna Held, French actress (b. 1872) August 30 - William Duncan, British missionary in Canada and the United States (b. 1832) George Reid Eduard, Duke of Anhalt Prince Erik,
 Duke of Vastmanland Mudbir al-Far'un, Arab chieftain, leader of 1913 Euphrates rebellion September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 6 - Elizabeth Yates, New Zealand politician (b. 1847) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 6 - Elizabeth Yates, New Zealand politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician, former minister of the Interior (b. 1871) September 5 - Nikolay Maklakov, Russian politician poli
1845) September 8 Francis Mary of the Cross Jordan, German Roman Catholic priest and venerable (b. 1848) Mikael of Wollo, Ethiopian army commander and Ras of Wollo (b. 1850) September 12 - Sir George Reid, 4th Prime Minister of Australia (b. 1845) September 13 - Eduard, Duke of Anhalt (b. 1861) September 16 - Maurice Boyau, French World
 War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1888) September 18 - Joseph Frank Wehner, American World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1891) September 27 - Fritz Rumey, German World War I fighter ace (killed in action) (b. 1891) September 28 True Boardman, American
 actor (b. 1882), Spanish flu Georg Simmel, German sociologist, philosopher (b. 1858) Freddie Stowers, American soldier (killed in action) (b. 1897) October 4 - Nikolai Skrydlov, Russian admiral (b. 1844) October 5 Roland Garros, French fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1897) October 4 - Nikolai Skrydlov, Russian admiral (b. 1844) October 5 Roland Garros, French fighter pilot (killed in action)
action) (b. 1888) Robbie Ross, British writer (b. 1869) October 6 - Arthur O'Hara Wood, Australian tennis champion and fighter pilot (killed in action) (b. 1876) October 7 - Sir Hubert Parry, British composer (b. 1848), Spanish flu October 8 - Mikhail Alekseyev, Russian general (b. 1857) October 9 - Raymond Duchamp-Villon, French sculptor (b. 1876)
October 11 - Wallace Lloyd Algie, Canadian soldier (killed in action) (b. 1839) October 15 - Sai Baba of Shirdi, Indian guru, yogi and National saint of India (b. 1839), Spanish flu October 18 Radko Dimitriev, Bulgarian, Russian general (executed) (b. 1859) Jildo Irwa, Ugandan Roman Catholic
 martyr and saint (executed) (b. 1864) Daudo Okelo, Ugandan Roman Catholic martyr and saint (executed) (b. ca. 1900) Nikolai Ruzsky, Russian general (executed) (b. 1889), Spanish flu October 24 César Ritz, Swiss hotelier (b. 1850) Daniel
Burley Woolfall, English administrator, 2nd President of FIFA (b. 1852) October 25 - Amadeo de Souza Cardoso, Portuguese painter (b. 1873) October 31 Egon Schiele, Austrian artist (b. 1890), Spanish flu István
Tisza, 2-time Prime Minister of Hungary (assassinated) (b. 1849) November 2 - Hugh Cairns, Canadian soldier (b. 1893) Andrew Dickson White, American academic and diplomat, co-
 founder of Cornell University (b. 1832) November 5 Samuel Liddell MacGregor Mathers, British occultist (b. 1854), Spanish flu William Shea, British actor (b. 1850), Spanish flu Albert Ballin, German shipping magnate (b.
1857) Sir Peter Lumsden, British general in the Indian Army (b. 1829) November 11 Victor Adler, Austrian politician (b. 1852) George Lawrence Price, last Commonwealth soldier to die in WWI (b. 1892) November 14 - Matti Lonkainen, Finnish politician (b. 1874)
 Fritz von Below, German general (b. 1853) November 30 - Karl Petrovich Jessen, Russian admiral (b. 1862) Sidónio Pais Sultan Ali bin Hamud of Zanzibar December 4 - Princess Teriivaetua of Tahiti (b. 1869), Spanish flu December 5 - Schalk Willem Burger, Boer military leader,
lawyer, politician, statesman, and acting President of the South African Republic (1900-1902) (b. 1852) December 11 - Ivan Cankar, Slovenian writer (b. 1876), Spanish flu December 13 - Emory Speer, American politician, jurist, and United States district judge from 1885 until 1918
(b. 1848) December 14 - Sidónio Pais, Portuguese politician, general, diplomat, 66th Prime Minister of Portugal (b. 1872), assassinated December 21 - Prince Konrad of Hohenlohe-Waldenburg-Schillingsfürst, Austrian statesman, former Prime Minister (b. 1863)
December 28 - Olavo Bilac, Brazilian poet (b. 1865) Spring - Vyacheslav Troyanov, Russian general (b. 1875) Yakov Zhilinsky, Russian general (b. 1875) Yakov Zhilinsky, Russian general (b. 1865) Spring - Vyacheslav Troyanov, Russian general (b. 1875) Yakov Zhilinsky, Russian general 
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  2023 (Thursday) 2022 (Wednesday) 2021 (Tuesday) 2016 (Wednesday) 2016 (Wednesday) 2016 (Wednesday) 2016 (Wednesday) 2017 (Thursday) 2018 (Friday) 2018 (Friday) 2018 (Friday) 2018 (Friday) 2019 (Saturday) 20
 Monastery when Pope Alexander IV issues a papal bull Licet ecclesiae catholicae.[1] 1415 - Religious reformer John Wycliffe is condemned as a heretic at the Council of Constance.[2] 1471 - Wars of the Roses: The Battle of Tewkesbury: Edward
IV defeats a Lancastrian Army and kills Edward of Westminster, Prince of Wales.[4] 1493 - In the papal bull Inter caetera, Pope Alexander VI divides the New World between Spain and Portugal along the Line of Demarcation.[5] 1738
 - The Imperial Theatrical School, the first ballet school in Russia, is founded.[7] 1776 - Rhode Island becomes the first American colony to renounce allegiance to King George III.[8] 1799 - Fourth Anglo-Mysore War: The Battle of Seringapatam: The siege of Seringapatam ends when the city is invaded and Tipu Sultan killed by the besieging British army.
 under the command of General George Harris.[9] 1814 - Emperor Napoleon arrives at Portoferraio on the island of Elba to begin his exile.[10] 1814 - King Ferdinand VII abolishes the Spanish Constitution of 1812, returning Spain to absolutism.[11] 1836 - Formation of Ancient Order of Hibernians.[12] 1859 - The Cornwall Railway opens across the Royal
 Albert Bridge linking Devon and Cornwall in England.[13] 1869 - The four-day Naval Battle of Hakodate begins. The newly formed Imperial Japanese Navy defeats the remnants of the Ezo Republic on May 17.[14] 1871 - The National Association, the
 first professional baseball league, opens its first season in Fort Wayne, Indiana.[15] 1886 - Haymarket affair: In Chicago, United States begins
 construction of the Panama Canal. 1910 - The Royal Canadian Navy is created. [17] 1912 - Italy occupies the Ottoman island of Rhodes. 1919 - May Fourth Movement: Student demonstrations take place in Tiananmen Square in Beijing, China, protesting the Treaty of Versailles, which transferred Chinese territory to Japan. 1926 - The United Kingdom
general strike begins. 1927 - The Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences is incorporated.[18] 1932 - Having been incarcerated at the Cook County Jail since his sentencing on October 24, 1931, mobster Al Capone is transferred to the federal penitentiary in Atlanta after the U.S. Supreme Court denies his appeal for conviction of tax evasion.[19]
 1942 - World War II: The Battle of the Coral Sea begins with an attack by aircraft from the United States aircraft carrier USS Yorktown on Japanese naval forces at Tulagi Island in the Solomon Islands. The Japanese forces had invaded Tulagi the day before.
Army. 1945 - World War II: The German surrender at Lüneburg Heath is signed, coming into effect the following day. It encompasses all Wehrmacht units in the Netherlands, Denmark and northwest Germany. 1946 - In San Francisco Bay, U.S. Marines from the nearby Treasure Island Naval Base stop a two-day riot at Alcatraz Federal Penitentiary. Five
people are killed in the riot. 1949 - The entire Torino football team (except for two players who did not take the trip: Sauro Tomà, due to an injury and Renato Gandolfi, because of coach request) is killed in a plane crash. 1953 - Ernest Hemingway wins the Pulitzer Prize for The Old Man and the Sea. 1959 - The 1st Annual Grammy Awards are held. 1961
 - American civil rights movement: The "Freedom Riders" begin a bus trip through the South. 1961 - Malcolm Ross and Victor Prather attain a new altitude record for manned balloon flight ascending in the Strato-Lab V open gondola to 113,740 feet (34.67 km). 1970 - Vietnam War: Kent State shootings: The Ohio National Guard, sent to Kent State
 University after disturbances in the city of Kent the weekend before, opens fire killing four unarmed students and wounding nine others. The bon't Make A Wave Committee, a fledgling environmental organization founded in Canada in 1971, officially
 changes its name to "Greenpeace Foundation". 1973 - The 108-story Sears Tower in Chicago is topped out at 1,451 feet (442 m) as the world's tallest building.[20] 1978 - The South African Defence Force attacks a SWAPO base at Cassinga in southern Angola, killing about 600 people.[21] 1979 - Margaret Thatcher becomes the first female Prime
 North is convicted of three crimes and acquitted of nine other charges; the convictions are later overturned on appeal. 1989 - Space Shuttle Atlantis launches on mission STS-30 to deploy the Venus-bound Magellan space probe. [22] 1990 - Latvia declares independence from the Soviet Union. 1994 - Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO leader
Yasser Arafat sign a peace accord, granting self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho. 1998 - A federal judge in Sacramento, California, gives "Unabomber" Theodore Kaczynski four life sentences plus 30 years after Kaczynski accepts a plea agreement sparing him from the death penalty. 2000 - Ken Livingstone becomes the first Mayor of London (an office
separate from that of the Lord Mayor of London). 2002 - One hundred three people are killed and 51 are injured in a plane crash near Mallam Aminu Kano, Nigeria.[23] 2007 - Greensburg tornado, a 1.7-mile wide EF5 tornado. It was the first-ever tornado to be
rated as such with the new Enhanced Fujita scale. 2014 - Three people are killed and 62 injured in a pair of bombings on buses in Nairobi, Kenya.[24] 2019 - The inaugural all-female motorsport series, W Series, takes place at Hockenheimring. The race was won by Jamie Chadwick, who would go on to become the inaugural season's champion.[25] 2023
 - Nine people are killed and thirteen injured in a spree shooting in Mladenovac and Smederevo, Serbia. It is the second mass shooting in the country in two days. [26][27][28] 1006 - Khwaja Abdullah Ansari, Persian mystic and poet (died 1088) 1559 - Alice Spencer, English noblewoman (died 1637) 1634 - Katherine Ferrers, English aristocrat and heiress
 (died 1660) 1649 - Chhatrasal, Indian ruler (died 1731) 1655 - Bartolomeo Cristofori, Italian instrument maker, invented the piano (died 1731) 1677 - Françoise-Marie de Bourbon, French moblewoman (died 1749) 1715 - Richard Graves, English minister and author (died 1804) 1733 - Jean-Charles de Borda, French mathematician, physicist, and sailor
 (died 1799) 1752 - John Brooks, American soldier and politician, 11th Governor of Massachusetts (died 1825) 1757 - Manuel Tolsá, Spanish sculptor and first director of the Academy of San Carlos in Mexico City (died 1816) 1767 - Tyagaraja, Indian composer (died 1847) 1770 - François Gérard, French painter (died 1837) 1772 - Friedrich Arnold
 Brockhaus, German publisher (died 1823) 1796 - William Pennington, American educator and politician (died 1859) 1796 - William Pennington, American historian and scholar (died 1859) 1820
 Julia Gardiner Tyler, American wife of John Tyler, 11th First Lady of the United States (died 1889) 1822 - Charles Boucher de Boucherville, Canadian physician and politician, 3rd Premier of Quebec (died 1915) 1825 - Thomas Henry Huxley, English
biologist, anatomist, and academic (died 1895) 1825 - Augustus Le Plongeon, English-American historian, photographer, and academic (died 1806) 1827 - John Hanning Speke, English soldier and explorer (died 1804) 1843 - Bianka Blume, German opera singer (died 1896)[29] 1851 - Thomas
Dewing, American painter (died 1938) 1852 - Alice Liddell, English model (died 1934) 1883 - Wang Jingwei, Chinese politician (died 1975)[30] 1887 - Andrew Dasburg, French-American painter (died 1979) 1889 - Francis Spellman, American cardinal (died 1967)[31] 1890 -
Franklin Carmichael, Canadian painter (died 1945) 1902 - Ronnie Aird, English cricketer and administrator (died 1984) 1907 - Lincoln Kirstein, American soldier and playwright, co-founded the New York City Ballet (died
1996) 1907 - Walter Walsh, American target shooter and FBI agent (died 2014) 1913 - Princess Katherine of Greece and Denmark (died 2007) 1914 - Maedayama Eigoro, Japanese sumo wrestler, the 39th Yokozuna (died 2006) 1916 - Richard Proenneke, American soldier
carpenter, and meteorologist (died 2003) 1917 - Nick Joaquin, Filipino writer, journalist and historian (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japan (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician, 64th Prime Minister of Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 2004) 1918 - Kakuei Tanaka, Japanese soldier and politician (died 20
1923 - Eric Sykes, British actor and comedian (died 2012) 1925 - Maurice R. Greenberg, American businessman and philanthropist 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2016) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2016) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2016) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egyptian air marshal and politician, 4th President of Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Betsy Rawls, American golfer (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubarak, Egypt (died 2020) 1928 - Hosni Mubara
2023) 1929 - Manuel Contreras, Chilean general (died 2015) 1929 - Audrey Hepburn, Belgian-British actress and humanitarian (died 1993) 1930 - Katherine Jackson, matriarch of the Jackson family 1932 - Harlon Hill, American football player and coach (died 2013) 1937 - Ron Carter, American bassist and educator 1937 - Dick Dale, American surf-rock
guitarist, singer, and songwriter (died 2019) 1938 - Carlos Monsiváis, Mexican journalist and author (died 2010) 1939 - Amos Oz, Israeli journalist and author (died 2010) 1939 - Georgi Asparuhov, Bulgarian footballer (died 1971) 1944 - Russi
 Taylor, American voice actress (died 2019) 1945 - Robert Machray, American actor (died 2025)[32][33] 1946 - John Watson, British race car driver 1948 - King George Tupou V of Tonga, (died 2012) 1951 - Colin Bass, English bass player, songwriter, and producer
1951 - Colleen Hanabusa, American lawyer and politician 1951 - Jackie Jackson, American singer-songwriter and dancer[34] 1952 - Belinda Green, Australian beauty queen and 1972 Miss World 1953 - Pia Zadora, American actress and singer 1954 - Ryan Cayabyab, Filipino pianist, composer, and conductor 1956 - Ken Oberkfell, American baseball
 player and coach 1957 - Kathy Kreiner, Canadian skier 1958 - Keith Haring, American painter (died 1990) 1958 - Caroline Spelman, English politician, Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs 1959 - Randy Travis, American singer-songwriter, guitarist, and actor 1960 - Werner Faymann, Austrian politician, 28th Chancellor of Austria
1961 - Jay Aston, English singer-songwriter and dancer 1967 - Kate Garraway, English journalist 1967 - Ana Gasteyer, American basketball player 1972 - Mike Dirnt, American bass player and songwriter 1972 - Chris Tomlin, American singer-songwriter 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1972 - Mike Dirnt, American bass player and songwriter 1972 - Chris Tomlin, American singer-songwriter 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1972 - Mike Dirnt, American bass player and songwriter 1972 - Chris Tomlin, American singer-songwriter 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Dawn Staley, American basketball player 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor and producer 1970 - Will Arnett, Canadian actor actor actor actor actor actor 
songwriter[35] 1973 - Guillermo Barros Schelotto, Argentinian footballer and coach 1974 - Tony McCoy, Northern Irish jockey and sportscaster 1975 - Kimora Lee Simmons, American model[36] 1978 - Erin Andrews, American sportscaster and journalist 1978 - Igor Biscan, Croatian footballer
and manager 1978 - James Harrison, American football player [37] 1979 - Lance Bass, American singer, dancer, and producer 1981 - Eric Djemba-Djemba, Cameroon footballer 1981 - Ruth Negga, Ethiopian-Irish actress[38][39] 1981 - Dallon Weekes,
American singer-songwriter and musician 1983 - Derek Roy, Canadian ice hockey player 1984 - Brad Maddox, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Jamie Adenuga, English MC and rapper 1986 - Devan Dubnyk, Canadian ice hockey player 1986 - George Hill, American wrestler and referee 1985 - Ge
basketball player 1987 - Cesc Fàbregas, Spanish footballer 1989 - Rory McIlroy, Northern Irish golfer 1989 - James van Riemsdyk, American ice hockey player 1991 - Brianne Jenner, Canadian women's ice hockey player 1992 - Victor Oladipo,
American basketball player 1994 - Abi Masatora, Japanese sumo wrestler 1994 - Joseph Tapine, New Zealand rugby league player 1998 - Alexander O'Connor, English musician 1038 - Gotthard of Hildesheim, German bishop (born 960) 1406 -
Coluccio Salutati, chancellor of Florence (born 1331) 1436 - Engelbrekt Engelbrektsson, Swedish rebel leader (27 April O.S.).[41] 1471 - Edward of Westminster, Prince of Wales, son and heir of Henry VI of England (born 1453) 1483 - George Neville, Duke of Bedford (born 1457) 1506 - Husayn Mirza Baygara, Timurid ruler of Herat (born 1438) 1519 -
Lorenzo de' Medici, duke of Urbino (born 1492)[42] 1535 - John Houghton, Carthusian monk and saint 1562 - Lelio Sozzini, Italian Protestant theologian (born 1525) 1566 - Luca Ghini, Italian physician and botanist (born 1525) 1566 - Luca Ghini, Italian physician and botanist (born 1511) 1604 - Claudio Merulo, Italian physician and botanist (born 1525) 1566 - Luca Ghini, 
1533) 1605 - Ulisse Aldrovandi, Italian naturalist (born 1522) 1615 - Adriaan van Roomen, Flemish priest and mathematician (born 1561) 1626 - Arthur Lake, English bishop and scholar (born 1522) 1615 - Adriaan van Roomen, Flemish priest and mathematician (born 1561) 1626 - Arthur Lake, English bishop and scholar (born 1569) 1729 - Louis Antoine de
Noailles, French cardinal (born 1651) 1734 - James Thornhill, English painter and politician (born 1675) 1737 - Eustace Budgell, English journalist and politician (born 1686) 1774 - Anthony Ulrich of Brunswick, Prussian nobleman (born 1714) 1776 - Jacques Salv, French painter and sculptor (born 1717) 1790 - Matthew Tilghman, American politician
(born 1718) 1799 - Tipu, ruler of Mysore (born 1750) 1811 - Nikolay Kamensky, Russian general (born 1776) 1816 - Samuel Dexter, American lawyer and politician, 4th United States Secretary of the Treasury (born 1761) 1824 - Joseph Joubert, French author (born 1754) 1826 - Sebastián Kindelán y O'Regan, colonial
governor of East Florida, Santo Domingo and Cuba (born 1757)[43] 1839 - Denis Davydov, Russian general and politician, 8th Governor of Texas (born 1815) 1901 - John Jones Ross, Canadian lawyer and
politician, 7th Premier of Quebec (born 1831) 1903 - Gotse Delchev, Macedonian Bulgarian revolutionary IMRO (born 1872) 1912 - Nettie Stevens, American geneticist credited with discovering sex chromosomes (born 1891) 1916 - John Murray, Australian politician, 23rd Premier
of Victoria (born 1851) 1916 - Willie Pearse, Irish rebel (born 1881) 1916 - Joseph Plunkett, Irish rebel and writer (born 1880) 1922 - Viktor Kingissepp, Estonian politician (born 1880) 1923 - Ralph McKittrick, American golfer and tennis player (born 1877) 1924 - E. Nesbit,
English author and poet (born 1858) 1937 - Gina Oselio, Norwegian opera singer (born 1858) 1938 - Kanō Jigorō, Japanese founder of judo (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1860) 1938 - Carl von Ossietzky, German journalist and activist and acti
marshal (born 1880) 1953 - Alexandre Pharamond, French rugby player (born 1876)[46] 1955 - George Enescu, Romanian pianist, composer, and conductor (born 1883) 1969 - Osbert Sitwell, English-Italian author and poet (born 1892) 1971 - William
Brown Meloney, writer and theatrical producer (born 1902)[47] 1972 - Father Chrysanthus, Dutch arachnologist (born 1886) 1973 - Jane Bowles, American author and playwright (born 1917) 1975 - Moe Howard, American actor, singer, and
screenwriter (born 1897) 1976 - Frank Strahan, Australian public servant (born 1886) 1980 - Josip Broz Tito, Yugoslavia (born 1913) 1983 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1911) 1984 - Diana Dors, English actress (born 1913) 1983 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1911) 1984 - Diana Dors, English actress (born 1913) 1983 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1984 - Diana Dors, English actress (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1984 - Diana Dors, English actress (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1984 - Diana Dors, English actress (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (born 1913) 1985 - Nino Sanzogno, Italian conductor and composer (
1931) 1985 - Fikri Sönmez, Turkish tailor and politician (born 1938) 1985 - Clarence Wiseman, English-Canadian 10th General of The Salvation Army (born 1942) 1987 - Cathryn Damon, American actress (born 1930) 1988 - Lillian Estelle Fisher, American historian of
Spanish America (born 1891) 1990 - Emily Remler, American guitarist (born 1957) 1991 - Mohammed Abdel Wahab, Egyptian singer-songwriter and mandolin player (born 1902) 1992 - Gregor Mackenzie, Scottish politician (born 1927) 1993 - France Štiglic, Slovenian film director and screenwriter (born 1919) 1995 - Connie Wisniewski, American
baseball player (born 1922)[50] 2000 - Hendrik Casimir, Dutch physicist and academic (born 1965)[51] 2005 - David Hackworth, American model, wife of Robert Blake (born 1956) 2004 - David Reimer, Canadian man, born male but reassigned female and raised as a girl after a botched circumcision (born 1965)[51] 2005 - David Hackworth, American
colonel and journalist (born 1930) 2008 - Fred Baur, American chemist and founder of Pringles (born 1918)[52] 2009 - Dom DeLuise, American actor, director, and producer (born 1933) 2011 - Sammy McCrory, Northern Irish footballer (born 1934) 2012 - Mort Lindsey, American pianist, composer, and conductor (born 1923) 2012 - Bob Stewart,
American television producer, founded Stewart Tele Enterprises (born 1920) 2012 - Adam Yauch, American physician and politician, 44th Governor of Indiana (born 1918) 2013 - Christian de Duve, English-Belgian cytologist and
biochemist, Nobel Prize laureate (born 1917) 2013 - Javier Diez Canseco, Peruvian sociologist and politician (born 1948) 2013 - Mario Machado, Chinese-American journalist and actor (born 1914) 2013 - César Portillo de la Luz, Cuban guitarist and composer (born 1922) 2014 -
Dick Ayers, American author and illustrator (born 1924) 2014 - Elena Baltacha, Ukrainian-Scottish tennis player (born 1983) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1923) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1923) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortright, American scientist and engineer (born 1924) 2014 - Edgar Cortr
Ngoupandé, Central African politician, Prime Minister of the Central African Republic (born 1948) 2015 - William Bast, American actress (born 1948) 2015 - William Bast, American football player (born 1946) 2016 - Jean-Baptiste Bagaza, Burundian politician (born 1946)
2020 - Don Shula, American football player and coach (born 1930)[54] 2020 - Greg Zanis, American carpenter and activist (born 1950)[55] 2021 - Nick Kamen, English model, songwriter (born 1950)[55] 2021 - Nick Kamen, English model, songwriter (born 1950)[55] 2021 - Nick Kamen, English model, songwriter (born 1950)[57] 2024 - Frank Stella, American painter (born 1936)[58] Anti-
Bullying Day (United Nations) Bird Day (United Nations) Bird Day (United States) Cassinga Day (Namibia) Christian feast day: Blessed Ceferino Giménez Malla Blessed Michał Giedrovć English Saints and Martyrs of the Reformation Era (Church of England) F. C. D. Wyneken (Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod) Florian José María Rubio Judas Cyriacus Monica of Hippo (1960)
Roman Catholic Calendar) Sacerdos of Limoges Venerius of Milan May 4 (Eastern Orthodox liturgics) Coal Miners Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Štefánik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (India) [59] Death of Milan Rastislav Stefanik Day (Slovakia) Greenery Day (Slovakia) Gree
Martyrs and Disabled (Afghanistan) Remembrance of the Dead (Netherlands) Restoration of Independence Day (Latvia) Star Wars Day (International observance) World Give Day Youth Day (Fiji) ^ Flannery, John M. (2013). The Mission of the Portuguese Augustinians to Persia and Beyond (1602-1747). Lieden: Brill. p. 40. ISBN 9789004243828. ^ Bray,
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